Communities in Motion 2040 2.0 Development Review

The Community Planning Association of Southwest Idaho (COMPASS) is the metropolitan planning organization (MPO) for Ada and Canyon Counties. COMPASS has developed this review as a tool for local governments to evaluate whether land developments are consistent with the goals of *Communities in Motion 2040 2.0* (CIM 2040), the regional long-range transportation plan for Ada and Canyon Counties. This checklist is not intended to be prescriptive, but rather a guidance document based on CIM 2040 2.0 goals.

Development Name: 5121 Gowen Road (CAR21-00037)

Agency: Boise

CIM Vision Category: Rural

New households: 0		New jobs: ±1,200	Exceeds CIM forecast: No			
ÔP	CIM Corridor: Gowen Pedestrian level of str Bicycle level of stress	ess: PG	Level of Stress considers facility type, number of vehicle lanes, and speed. Roads with G or PG ratings better support bicyclists and pedestrians of all ages and comfort levels.			
	Housing within 1 mile: 740 Jobs within 1 mile: 2,750 Jobs/Housing Ratio: 3.7		A good jobs/housing balance – a ratio between 1 and 1.5 – reduces traffic congestion. Higher numbers indicate the need for more housing and lower numbers indicate an employment need.			
	Nearest police station Nearest fire station: 1		Developments within 1.5 miles of police and fire stations ensure that emergency services are more efficient and reduce the cost of these important public services.			
	Farmland consumed: Farmland within 1 mil		Farmland contributes to the local economy, creates additional jobs, and provides food security to the region. Development in farm areas decreases the productivity and sustainability of farmland.			
	Nearest bus stop: 3.2 miles Nearest public school: 1.4 miles Nearest public park: 1.2 miles Nearest grocery store: 3.1 miles		Residents who live or work less than ¹ / ₂ mile from critical services have more transportation choices. Walking and biking reduces congestion by taking cars off the road, while supporting a healthy and active lifestyle.			

Recommendations

The *FY2022-FY2028 COMPASS Regional Transportation Improvement Plan* shows that by 2025, Orchard Street from Gowen Road to Victory Road will be widened to five lanes. Level-3 bicycle facilities are included (figure 1).

The nearest transit stop is 3.2 miles away at the Boise Airport. Currently, routes 2, 3, and 4 provide bus service to this stop. *Valley Connect 2.0* plans routes with 15-minute frequencies to the Boise Airport, but no new transit services from the existing stop to the project location. To improve system efficiency and reduce peak-hour congestion work with Valley Regional Transit to identify options to improve commuter service to this location.

More information about COMPASS and *Communities in Motion 2040 2.0*: Web: www.compassidaho.org Email info@compassidaho.org More information about the development review process: http://www.compassidaho.org/dashboard/devreview.htm

Orchard Street Realignment, Gowen Road to Victory Road, Boise

Regionally Significant:
Inflated
Key # : RD207-01
Requesting Agency: ACHD
Project Year: 2024-2025
Total Previous Allocations: \$177
Total Programmed Budget: \$19,016
Total Cost (Prev. + Prog.): \$19,193

TIP Achievement: System Performance Active Transportation Safety



Project Description

Realign and widen Orchard Street from Gowen Road to Victory Road in the City of Boise to five lanes with curb, gutter, sidewalk, and a level three bicycle facility.

Cost Year*	Preliminary Engineering	Preliminary Engineering Consulting	Right-of-Way	Utilities	Construction Engineering	Construction	Total	Federal Share	Local Share
2022	0	34	663	0	0	0	697	0	697
2023	0	0	742	0	0	11,003	11,745	0	11,745
2024	0	0	0	0	0	6,574	6,574	0	6,574
Fund otals:	\$0	\$34	\$1,405	\$0	\$0	\$17,577	\$19,016	\$0	\$19,016

Figure 1: COMPASS FY 2022 – 2028 Transportation Improvement Program, Key # RD207-01

Fiscal Impact Analysis Supplemental for the Development Review Checklist

The purpose of the fiscal impact analysis is to better estimate expected revenues and costs to local governments as a result of new development so that the public, stakeholders, and the decision-makers can better manage growth. Capital and operating expenditures are determined by various factors that determine service and infrastructure needs, including persons per household, student generation rates, lot sizes, street frontages, vehicle trip and trip adjustment factors, average trip lengths, construction values, income, discretionary spending, and employment densities.

The COMPASS Development Checklist considers the level of fiscal benefits, how many public agencies benefit or are burdened by additional growth, and how long the proposal will take to achieve a fiscal break-even point, if at all. More information about the COMPASS Fiscal Impact Tool is available at: www.compassidaho.org/prodserv/fiscalimpact.htm.

