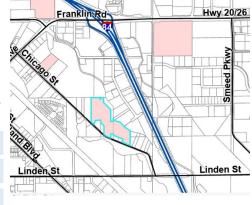
Communities in Motion 2050 Development Checklist

The Community Planning Association of Southwest Idaho (COMPASS) is the metropolitan planning organization (MPO) for Ada and Canyon Counties. COMPASS has developed this review as a tool for local governments to evaluate whether land developments are consistent with the goals of Communities in Motion 2050 (CIM 2050), the regional long-range transportation plan for Ada and Canyon Counties. This checklist is not intended to be prescriptive, but rather a guidance document based on CIM 2050 goals.

Development Name: Bridgepoint RV Park

CIM Vision Category: Existing Neighborhood

CIM Corridor: None New Households: 260





Safety

Level of Stress measures how safe and comfortable a bicyclist or pedestrian would feel on a corridor and considers multimodal infrastructure number of vehicle lanes and travel speeds.

Pedestrian level of stress

N/A N/A

Bicycle level of stress



New Jobs: 0

Economic Vitality

These tools evaluate whether the location of the proposal supports economic vitality by growing near existing public services.

Activity Center Access



Farmland Preservation



Net Fiscal Impact



Within CIM Forecast



Convenience

Residents who live or work less than 1/2 mile from critical services have more transportation choices, especially for vulnerable populations

Nearest bus stop

 \otimes

Nearest public school

Nearest public park



Quality of Life

Checked boxes indicate that additional information is attached.

Active Transportation



Automobile Transportation

Public Transportation

Roadway Capacity



Improves performance



Does not improve or reduce performance



Reduces performance

Comments:

Please note that this project is in the <u>500 year floodplain</u>. Consider providing educational activities on flood risk for residents. The concept plan does not appear to show sidewalks along Chicago Street. Ensure that final design includes sidewalks to allow residents to walk or bike to nearby services.

Communities in Motion 2050

2020 Change in Motion Report Development Review Process

Web: www.compassidaho.org Email: info@compassidaho.org



Sent: 10/14/22

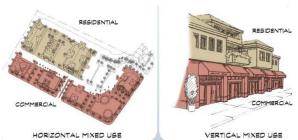
Land Uses to Support Bicycle and Pedestrian Transportation

Land use decisions can support the safety and comfort of bicyclists and pedestrians. A robust mix of nearby housing, jobs, and services can:

Promote safe and comfortable walking and biking by reducing the number of vehicles on the road

Reduce the distance between housing and services, especially for vulnerable populations

Reduce the requirement for large and costly parking facilities



Credit: Lakeland Village Plan

Land use mix can either be horizontal or vertical. A horizontal mix indicates a variety of uses across a neighborhood, while vertical mix refers to different uses within the same building or lot. To measure land use mix, consider how many different uses (e.g., residential, office, retail, industrial, service, entertainment, education, health, etc.) are within each community or area. Higher mixes reflect more convenient access to a wide range of jobs and services.

Some steps to take to increase bicycle and pedestrian accommodations are:



Provide sidewalks and pathways between horizontal mixed use areas to promote walking and biking between areas.

Place residential uses near services such as parks, schools, grocery stores, or employment centers.

Place higher-density residential uses close to employment, bus service, schools, or parks.

Fiscal Impact Analysis Supplemental for the Development Review Checklist

The purpose of the fiscal impact analysis is to better estimate expected revenues and costs to local governments as a result of new development so that the public, stakeholders, and the decision- makers can better manage growth. Capital and operating expenditures are determined by various factors that determine service and infrastructure needs, including persons per household, student generation rates, lot sizes, street frontages, vehicle trip and trip adjustment factors, average trip lengths, construction values, income, discretionary spending, and employment densities.

The COMPASS Development Checklist considers the level of fiscal benefits, how many public agencies benefit or are burdened by additional growth, and how long the proposal will take to achieve a fiscal break-even point, if at all.

More information about the COMPASS Fiscal Impact Tool is available at: www.compassidaho.org/prodserv/fiscalimpact.htm

