

# Communities in Motion 2040 2.0 Development Review

The Community Planning Association of Southwest Idaho (COMPASS) is the metropolitan planning organization (MPO) for Ada and Canyon Counties. COMPASS has developed this review as a tool for local governments to evaluate whether land developments are consistent with the goals of *Communities in Motion 2040 2.0* (CIM 2040), the regional long-range transportation plan for Ada and Canyon Counties. This checklist is not intended to be prescriptive, but rather a guidance document based on CIM 2040 2.0 goals.

**Development Name: Maple Leaf (SPP-099-21)**






**Agency: City of Nampa**

**CIM Vision Category: Existing Neighborhoods**

**New households: 54**

**New jobs: ±20**

**Exceeds CIM forecast: No**

	<p>CIM Corridor: <b>None</b>                  Pedestrian level of stress: <b>N/A</b>                  Bicycle level of stress: <b>N/A</b></p>	<p>Level of Stress considers facility type, number of vehicle lanes, and speed. Roads with <b>G or PG</b> ratings better support bicyclists and pedestrians of all ages and comfort levels.</p>
	<p>Housing within 1 mile: <b>1,440</b>                  Jobs within 1 mile: <b>5,080</b>                  Jobs/Housing Ratio: <b>3.5</b></p>	<p>A good jobs/housing balance – a ratio between <b>1 and 1.5</b> – reduces traffic congestion. Higher numbers indicate the need for more housing and lower numbers indicate an employment need.</p>
	<p>Nearest police station: <b>3.1 miles</b>                  Nearest fire station: <b>1 mile</b></p>	<p>Developments within <b>1.5 miles</b> of police and fire stations ensure that emergency services are more efficient and reduce the cost of these important public services.</p>
	<p>Farmland consumed: <b>No</b>                  Farmland within 1 mile: <b>148 acres</b></p>	<p>Farmland contributes to the local economy, creates additional jobs, and provides food security to the region. Development in farm areas decreases the productivity and sustainability of farmland.</p>
	<p>Nearest bus stop: <b>0.4 miles</b>                  Nearest public school: <b>2.2 miles</b>                  Nearest public park: <b>2.0 miles</b>                  Nearest grocery store: <b>0.3 miles</b></p>	<p>Residents who live or work less than <b>½ mile</b> from critical services have more transportation choices. Walking and biking reduces congestion by taking cars off the road, while supporting a healthy and active lifestyle.</p>

## Recommendations

The proposal is mixed use, providing both residential and commercial lots. The location is a growing area, with thousands of jobs within a mile of the site including the Nampa Gateway Center and health care facilities at the Saint Alphonsus' Regional Medical Center. The location and mixed-use aspects have potential to reduce trip length and encourage bicycle and pedestrian use. The area is served by public transportation with the nearest physical stop over half a mile away at Garrity and Stamm. This stop is served by the 150 Canyon County OnDemand route. The higher density proposed is supportive of bus route 40 (Nampa/Meridian Express) & 45 (BSU Express) with a stop on Garrity Lane, approximately ½ mile to the west. Sidewalks and bikelanes to the grocery store and bus stop to the west and a safe crossing of Stamm Lane to the Nampa Gateway is critical for encouraging safe bicycle and pedestrian travel. Consider requiring a public road with stubs to the south for future connectivity.

More information about COMPASS and *Communities in Motion 2040 2.0*:

Web: [www.compassidaho.org](http://www.compassidaho.org)

Email [info@compassidaho.org](mailto:info@compassidaho.org)

More information about the development review process:

<http://www.compassidaho.org/dashboard/devreview.htm>



# ***Fiscal Impact Analysis Supplemental for the Development Review Checklist***

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The purpose of the fiscal impact analysis is to better estimate expected revenues and costs to local governments as a result of new development so that the public, stakeholders, and the decision-makers can better manage growth. Capital and operating expenditures are determined by various factors that determine service and infrastructure needs, including persons per household, student generation rates, lot sizes, street frontages, vehicle trip and trip adjustment factors, average trip lengths, construction values, income, discretionary spending, and employment densities.

The COMPASS Development Checklist considers the level of fiscal benefits, how many public agencies benefit or are burdened by additional growth, and how long the proposal will take to achieve a fiscal break-even point, if at all. More information about the COMPASS Fiscal Impact Tool is available at: [www.compassidaho.org/prodserv/fiscalimpact.htm](http://www.compassidaho.org/prodserv/fiscalimpact.htm).

## **Overall Net Fiscal Impact**

### **Net Fiscal Impact, by Agency**

City

County

Highway District

School District

Break Even: