Roadway Project Scoring		Max	
North 39th Street and Garrity Boulevard, Signal	Points	Points	Notes:
CIM Score			
	0	26	
CIM project score	U	20	
Performance Assessment:			
Safety - Maximum 40			
Does the project address a known auto safety issue?	30	30	HIN: Yes RSAP Emphasis: High & Med Priority Walkways: Tier 1 , Lighting: Tier 4 Crosswalk Enhancement: Tier 4 Auto Crashes: None CMF Clearinghouse IDs: 323,325,7572,3092, 289,5711,10559,10993,481, 11246 resulting in average of 41.6% less crashes
Does the project address a known active transportation safety issue and improve safety for active transportation users?	30	30	Bike/Ped Crashes (within 0.25 m): K1, C1
Does the project support the mode of the segment identified in the Complete Network Policy?	15	20	This question not included in the application used. Supports Modes: Auto, Active Transportation, Freight
Total:	40	40	Limit of 40.
Economic Vitality - Maximum 25			
Does the project address a congestion issue using a non- capacity adding strategy?	7	10	Congestion: Medium, uses congestion strategy for intersection improvements considered no capacity
Does the project improve a facility in "fair" or "poor" condition?	0	10	New segment.
Does the project improve freight mobility?	5	5	Freight benefits explained in Phase I purpose and need. Primary Freight Route.
Total:	12	25	
Convenience - Maximum 25			
Does the project improve connectivity to a regional activity center?	5	10	0.63 miles from 2 RACs
Does the project improve auto and/or active and public transportation accessibility to key destinations?	0	8	Note only gets score if project is not in the range of a regional activity center.
Does the project address a gap in the network?	4	16	Improves active transportation.
Total:	9	25	
Quality of Life - Maximum 15			
Does the project benefit an underserved area?	10	10	Equity Index scores: 9, 10, 11, 12 (high)
Does the project address potential environmental impacts?	5	5	Provided impacts.
Total:	15	15	
Performance Total:	76	105	
Programming Asessment:			
Readiness and Support - Maximum 25			
Is the project a priority to the sponsor agency?	0	10	11 out of 16
Does the sponsor agency provide match above the	0	5	Only required match.
reauired minimum? Is the project ready for Federal implementation?	6	10	Pre-Concept, Preliminary Design, Right-of-Way
Programming Total:	6	25	(plans and acquisition)
Total Score:	82	156	

IV. APPLICATION SUPPLEMENTAL

FY2026-2032 COMPASS Application Guide

Phase I - Page 1 Phase II - Page 7

TUTORIAL VIDEOS:

- How To Create a Successful Grant Application: https://youtu.be/zKokWhBexJU
- How To Fill Out the Phase I Application Form: https://youtu.be/yOuSQTmz6oc

2026 COMPASS Funding Application Phase I All Projects

All applications must be submitted in Word format by email to ssader@COMPASSidaho.org. This phase of the application page limit is 10 pages. See last page for definitions of acronyms and link to Phase I Application Tutorial Video.

DETAILS

Sponsor Name (agency): City of Nampa Public Works

Main Agency Contact: Shelia Gibson, gibsons@cityofnampa.us, 208-468-5467

Project Title: N 39th Street & Garrity Boulevard, Signal

PROJECT DETAILS

Briefly describe your project:

Signalized improvements and intersection re-alignment for North 39th Street at Garrity Boulevard is needed to provide better access to Nampa Municipal Airport and the I-84 business loop along with the Nampa Gateway Shopping Center and Saint Alphonsus Hospital. Expansion will include dedicated left turn lanes, bike lanes, sidewalks, streetlights, and lane widening. The intersection will also be upgraded to become ADA compliant and have pedestrian crossing.

Briefly describe the location of the project (include main segment and termini):

The project is located at the intersection of North 39th Street and Garrity Boulevard in the city of Nampa, Idaho.

Is the right-of-way for this project managed by the sponsor's jurisdiction? (e.g. is ROW in the jurisdiction of ITD, a highway district, a canal company, etc.) ☐ Yes ✓ No ☐ N/A					
	ort from the managing oval prior to submission			to ensi	ıre their
Right-of-way along G	Garrity Boulevard is own	ned by IT	D; LOS attached	d.	
Does the managing additional ROW need t ✓ Yes □ No □ N/A	jurisdiction own the to be purchased?)	right-of	-way in the pr	oject a	rea? (Does
	place before improve that result from the i	improve			
✓ 2 through lanes □ 2 through/1TWLTL □ 4 through lanes □ 4 through/1TWLTL □ 6 through lanes □ Center Turn Lane ✓ Left Turn Lane	□ 3-Way Stop Intersection □ 4-Way Stop Intersection □ 5-Way Stop Intersection □ 3-Way Signaled ✓ 4-Way Signaled □ 5-Way Signaled □ Roundabout single lane	tion ✓ Gutter tion ✓ ADA Ramps □ PHB Crossing □ RFFB Crossing □ LPI Leading Ped Interval			Pullout ane Shelter
✓ Intersection☐ Interchange☐ Free Running Right Turn	☐ Roundabout 2-lane ☐ Sidewalk 3-4' width ✓ Sidewalk 5-6' width			Designa	ated Right Turn Lane
☐ Bridge Fencing ☐ Bridge Guardrail Please describe, if nec	☐ Sidewalk 7-8' width☐ Sidewalk 9-10' width	☐ Bike/Pe			
 Widen 2 to 3 lanes Widen 2 to 4 lanes Widen 2 to 5 lanes Widen 3 to 5 lanes Widen 3 to 6-7 lanes Widen 4 to 5-7 lanes Add TWLTL 	Convert Signaled to Ro Convert Signaled to Ro Upgrade Stop Sign to F Upgrade Signals Add ITS Add Street Lighting Add ADA Ramps Add Curb & Gutter	oundabout Flashing	☐ Add Mid-Street Cr☐ Add PHB Crossing☐ Add RFFB Crossin☐ Add LPI☐ Add Bike Lane☐ Add road/sidewall ✓ Add Bike/Ped Facil☐	g « Barrier ity	Replace Bridge Widen Shoulder Add Bus Stop Add Bus Pullout Add Bus Lane Add Bus Shelter Other:
☐ Free Running Right Turn☐ Add Bridge Guardrails☐ Add Bridge Fencing	☐ Add Sidewalk 3-4' widt☐ Add Sidewalk 5-7' widt☐ Add Sidewalk 8-10' wid	th	☐ Add Raised Media☐ Sealcoat Road☐ Inlay & Millwork	n	

☐ Convert Stop to Signa☐ Convert Stop to Round Please describe, if	dabout 🔲 Add Mu	hway 8-10′ width Iti-Use Pathway	✓ Repaint Striping☐ Replace Signage	
Re-alignment of t and upgrade the			•	dd proper street lighting
Does the project ☐ Yes ✓ No	include impro	evements to the	public transportation	on system?
			on agency where the prequired before submiss	
PURPOSE AND N	EED			
	r agency and	to the region (pl		his project is nities in Motion 2050 goals
pilots, passengers the St. Alphonsus provides freight m intersection, along essential for the p intersection and in Airport Road to re RPZ Shift Impact This significant im intersection based Hospital, local bus access to the I-84 tourism seasons. convenience nece	s, and diners to Regional Medionovement; how g with the anticorimary freight mproving the size and Overland Fanalysis report on its proximisinesses and CV interchange, and It also supports	access the amenical Hospital and Lacever, there are clausted wood poles corridor which Gagnalized componeroad (Ada County). Decessary at the Nampa and It will help alleves the regional and easing traffic volusiand the statement of the statement of the statement of the regional and easing traffic volusians.	ities provided by the Makeview Park. Addition earance limitations. To, do not allow for ade rrity Boulevard has beents will support the feather than the lorth 39th Street and Cairport, St. Alphonsus earhawk Air Museum, riate congestion during local future planning mes.	uture connectivity along Nampa Municipal Airport Garrity Boulevard Regional Medical Lakeview Park, and g events and increased for the safety and
phasing financing	so the sections	could be comple	ridor were segregated ted as funds become a Boulevard at Airport	
CIM2050 Goals (chec				
✓ Safety:	✓ Increases Safety			
✓ Economic Vitality			Freight ✓ Preserves Infrastro Manages Growth ☐ Preserve	
✓ Convenience:	✓ Increases Access	s/Mobility 🗸 Increases	Connectivity ✓ Reduces Connectivity	ongestion
✓ Quality of Life:	☐ Kind to Environ	ment ✓ Enhances Pub	lic Health ✓ Preserves/Con	nects to Open Space

☐ Promotes Affordable Housing ✓ Provides Transportation Options ✓ Benefits the Underserved

FUNDING REQUEST / PROJECT TYPE

What ty	ype of funding are you applying for? (select all that apply) If you're unsure, contact S staff.
□ ✓	Project Development Program (PDP) – consultant cost of up to \$50,000 CIM Implementation Grant Program – reimbursement of up to \$50,000 Federal Funds – this option will require further information provided in Phase II Staff Assistance Only – this option will remove the application from the priority ranking but clude it in the Resource Development Plan for funding support.
√ □ ✓ □	ype of project are you applying for? (select all that apply) Capital/Construction: Road / Bridge / Design / Signs, etc. Public Transportation: Vehicles / Equipment / Maintenance / Operations Active Transportation: Bicycle / Pedestrian Planning: Plans / Studies / Education / Outreach Special Groups: Youth / Seniors / Disabled / Underserved Area Technology / Data Other other, please describe:

PROJECT BUDGET

Provide a total cost estimate and amount requested for the following project tasks or activities: If you continue in the process for federal-aid funding, you will be required to provide a much more detailed budget in Phase II. If needed, costs may be adjusted at that time. Note: This amount may be adjusted later.

Total Project Cost:	4,675,139
Amount Requested (total cost minus any local match):	4,331,984
Proposed local match (amount):	343,155
Proposed local match (percentage):	7.34%

Please describe how you arrived at the cost estimates (previous similar project, design complete, etc.); and explain if additional local funds are available if the project cannot be fully funded:

Concept estimates were used from a comparable project.

What is the source of the match?

Impact fees and city of Nampa budgeted funds.

Can the project be phased? (segmented into sub-units; phasing does not include splitting out design from construction) ☐ Yes ✓ No
If yes, please indicate how your project can be phased and approximate costs of each phase:
PARTNERS/SUPPORT
Are other jurisdictional agencies or partners involved in this project? □ No ✓ Yes
If yes, please list the jurisdictional agencies and other partners and their role in the project:
The ITD will be a partner in this project.
Has any public involvement been conducted for this project? ☐ No ✓ Yes
If yes, describe the results of those public involvement initiatives with a link to the project website, if applicable:
In March of 2020, city of Nampa hired Parametrix to do an alternative study concept report which included the intersection of 39 th Street and Airport Road. The alternative study reviewed data from the 2010 Airport Masterplan and the Nampa Municipal Airport RPZ Shift Impact Analysis report, both of which addressed the traffic and roadway segments including this intersection. Parametrix also used the 2045 regional travel demand model projections from Community Planning Association of Southwest Idaho (COMPASS) to consider the future connection of Overland Road/Airport Road. Based on the information, an intersection recommendation summary was suggested to add (A-0.13 V/C) a single lane roundabout as the appropriate intersection type and size for the adequate level of service determined.
READINESS TO PROCEED
Has any work been completed on this project? (Mark all phases that are complete) □ N/A □ Nothing is Complete ✓ Preliminary Design (concept) – 30% of the design □ Final Design □ Environmental Review □ Utilities ✓ Right-of-Way Please explain, if necessary:
riease expiain, ii fiecessary:

If design has been started, does it meet federal standards? Federal standards are described in the Local Public Agency Projects Guide within the Idaho Transportation Department's Manual.

✓ Yes

□ No □ N/A			
,	, if necessary:		

PLANNING DOCUMENTS

Is the project specifically listed in Communities in Motion 2050?

✓ Yes

■ No

□ N/A

Please provide the reference (long-term funded, unfunded, etc.):

This project is considered part of the Local Roadway System without priority ranking, under Regional Local System Projects and Brief Descriptions labeled Overland Road, McDermott Road to Ten Mile Road. The footnote on the line item references the connection of Airport Road in Canyon County, (which will include the intersection of North 39th Street and Airport Road in the connectivity).

Does this project conform to a local or regional plan?

✓ Yes

□ No

Please explain: (reference the plan(s) with title/link, provide approval dates and page reference)

Communities in Motion 2050 references this area of improvement and connectivity on page 11 (Funded All Projects), under the Local Roadway System. The concept is detailed within the N 39th St Alternative Study Concept Report prepared by Parametrix, specifically page 3 for the Intersection Recommendations Summary Table 1.

ATTACHMENTS:

Attach no more than two map/sketch pages (if applicable).

Attach required one-page support letters if the conditions below are applicable (otherwise optional).

- A support letter is required:
 - From the ROW jurisdiction if not within the sponsor's jurisdiction (e.g. ITD, highway district, or canal company)
 - From the land-use agency if the project is not the same as the highway jurisdiction (e.g. a city or county)
 - From the public transportation agency if the project includes improvements to public transportation operations/facilities and the sponsor does not have jurisdiction (e.g. VRT)

DEFINITIONS of ACRONYMS:

ADA American Disabilities Act CIM Communities in Motion

ITS Intelligent Transportation Systems

LIP Leading Pedestrian Interval PHB Pedestrian Hybrid Beacon

RFFB Rectangular Rapid-Flashing Beacons



IDAHO TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

P.O. Box 8028 • Boise, ID 83707-2028 (208) 334-8300 • itd.idaho.gov

December 16, 2022

City of Nampa Public Works Attn: Crystal Craig, Director of Transportation 500 12th Avenue South Nampa, ID 83651

RE: ITD Letter of Support for Nampa Projects and Funding Pursuits

Dear Mrs. Craig,

The Idaho Transportation Department (ITD) would like to express full support for the following projects as well as full support of Nampa seeking grant funding.

- Garrity Blvd and N 39th St Intersection Improvements
- Garrity Blvd and Stamm Ln, WINCO Block Improvements
- Garrity Side Path, Stamm Ln to Carnation
- Garrity Blvd Rail Overpass, Realignment, & Ped Improvements
- Garrity Blvd & N 39th St Area Airport & Museum Access Improvements
- I-84, SH-16 Interchange Southerly Connection
- SH-45 Realignment NEPA

It is understood that these projects are being submitted to COMPASS as a part of their call for funding applications and federal funding may be pursued as well. It is further understood that ITD is a jurisdictional partner and will be involved in the development of projects, however City of Nampa is the applicant, administrator, and responsible party in relation to these project pursuits.

These projects are mutually beneficial. Thank you for your continued partnership in transportation!

Best regards,

Digitally signed by J. Caleb Lakey
DN: C=US, E="caleb.lakey@itd.ldaho,gov",
O=Idaho Transportation Department,
OU=District 3, CNP-J. Caleb Lakey
Location: District 3, ITD
Reason: I am approving this document
Contact Info: District Administrator
Date: 2022.12.16 11:53:45-07'00'

J. Caleb Lakey, P.E. District 3 Administrator Idaho Transportation Department

PHASE I VIDEO TUTORIAL: View Tutorial here.

Current photograph below of existing intersection for Garrity Boulevard and North 39th Street.



CONCEPT

VACATE EXISTING RIGHT-OF-WAY (MAINTAIN UTILITY EASEMENT)

CONCEPT OF FUTURE COLLECTOR ROAD

0

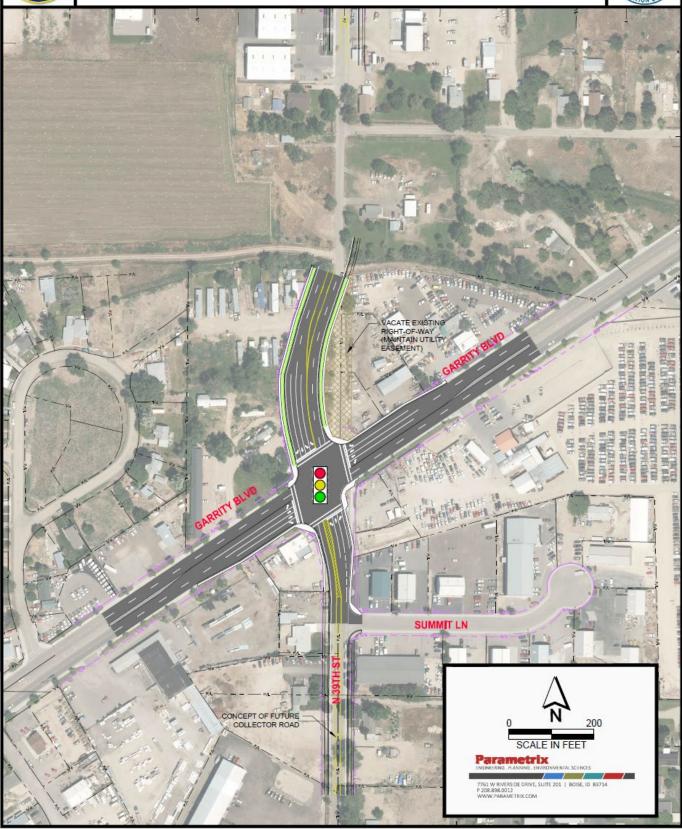
200

SCALE IN FEET



39TH / GARRITY ULTIMATE DESIGN OPTION





2025 COMPASS Funding Application Phase II

The next sets of questions pertain to PRIMARY PROJECT TYPES (Planning, Roadway, Active Transportation, and Public Transportation).

Please fill out ONLY the section that pertains to your project (and delete the other sections).

The four project categories are below:

Definitions:

□ **Planning Only** - Projects for which the primary result is a study, document, or planning product. This would include any plan, study, data acquisition, Planning and Environmental Linkages (PEL) study, or other process that is eligible for federal funds, but does not directly result in capital or maintenance expenses. Applications seeking design funds for a project that fits into one of the other categories would fit into that category. Examples: County Transportation Plan, Americans Disabilities Act (ADA) Transition Plan, Transportation System Management and Operations (TSMO) Plan, Freight Fluidity Study.

✓ **Roadway** - Auto-oriented projects that improve, maintain, modify, or add vehicle travel lanes; modify roadway geometry or intersection design; add or modify intersection controls;, and/or are used for roadway operations. Examples: Added travel lanes, added turning lanes, roadway resurfacing, roadway realignments, intersection improvements, signal control modifications, Transportation System Management and Operations (TSMO), and ITS improvements.

☐ **Active Transportation** - Active mode user-oriented projects that improve, maintain, modify, or add active mode facilities without extensive impact* on the roadway.

Examples: New or improved pathways, bikeways, or sidewalks; improved bike or pedestrian crossings; minor operational changes benefiting pedestrians (e.g., leading pedestrian signals); traffic calming; addressing ADA compliance issues; and/or adding permanent active mode data collection devices

*"Extensive impact" to the roadway would include a change in the number of vehicle-travel lanes, but would exclude a reduction in lane widths to accommodate a pathway, for example).

□ **Public Transportation** - Projects that improve, maintain, replace, modify, or add facilities, equipment, technologies, or capital supporting public transportation and/or vanpool services.

Examples: Improving bus stops, replacing vehicles and equipment, maintaining facilities, adopting improved technology, or addressing ADA compliance issues within public transportation facilities.

All project applications must include the following attachments (not counted in the page limitation):

- ITD form 0414 Sub-Awardee Reporting for the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act Tutorial Video
- ITD form 1150 Project Cost Summary Sheet <u>Tutorial Video</u>
- ITD form 2435 Local Federal-Aid Project Request Tutorial Video
- COMPASS Form FA100 Federal Requirements <u>Tutorial Video</u>
- Estimating Worksheet (must match form 1150 and 2435) Tutorial Video
 - Be sure to update Phase I cost information if change occurred since the submittal of Phase I

2024 COMPASS Funding Application Phase II ROADWAY PROJECT FOCUS

All applications must be submitted in Word format by email to ssader@COMPASSidaho.org. This phase of the application page limit is 8 pages. Refer to Scoring and Ranking Guide Resources for guidance and links (add link).

Sponsor Name (agency): City of Nampa Public Works

Project Title: N 39th Street & Garrity Boulevard, Signal

GENERAL

Select the functional classification of the roadway segment on the 2025 Federal Functional

Classification Map. To qualify for federal aid, a roadway must be classified as a major collector or higher.

Interstate
Proposed Interstate
Principal Arterial
Proposed Principal Arterial
Minor Arterial
Proposed Minor Arterial
Major Collector

SAFETY

Does the project address a known auto safety issue? Please explain and provide the data below:

RSAP Emphasis: High & Medium Priority Walkways: Tier 1, Lighting: Tier 4. This project is located in a high injury network.

Number of fatalities (auto related): 0

Number of serious injuries (auto related): 1

Explain how the project addresses the causes of crashes:

The intersection of 39th & Garrity is rated as part of the high injury network according to the COMPASS roadway map. There have been 29 crashes at this intersection and with one being a serious injury. The location-based score is 5 and the risk-based score is 9.39. The high injury network score is 7.20 out of 12.195. The proposed upgrades for this intersection will add dedicating bike lane and correct the traffic signal and street lighting functions which are antiquated at best. The improved intersection will increase safety with proper markings, signage, traffic signal, etc.

Does the project address a known active transportation safety issue? Explain and provide the data below:

Yes, there has been a fatality at this project site, in the last 5 years. There have also been 38 other crashes at this intersection. One accident included a walk/ride on sidewalk. Active transportation safety is an issue.

Number of fatalities (active transportation related): 1

Number of serious injuries (active transportation related): 0

Explain how the project addresses the causes of the fatalities and/or serious injuries:

The project will add bike lanes to provide a designated course of travel for cyclists to use instead of trying to navigate the roadway. The pavement markings and extra lane designation will increase surface area for those persons traveling in a non-motorized fashion.

Does the project improve safety for auto users? Explain how the project would improve safety for auto users:

The project intends to add street lighting and a bike/ped facility. By allowing motorists to utilize a full lane and not share the road with active transportation users, the safety is improved for all multi-modal access.

The RSAP emphasis is high and medium priority walkways: tier 1, lighting: tier 4, crosswalk enhancement: tier 4.

Crash Modification Factor (CMF) most appropriate for this project: CMF Clearinghouse: Using IDs 323, 325, 772, 3092, 289, 5711, 10559, 10993, 481, 11246

Expected percentage of crash reduction based on CMF and types of crashes included:

Resulting in 41.6% less crashes. Previous crashes designated at 4B/7C

Does the project improve safety for active transportation users? Explain what standards the project used or will use in the design phase, and how the project would improve safety for active transportation users.

Yes, at 100% of the scoring indicators. The re-alignment and updated infrastructure, along with the crosswalk enhancements will assist active users to have a safe space assigned to their mode of travel with minimal interaction on the roadway. Maintaining the lane and crossing when necessary, provides improved safety for all concerned.

The RSAP emphasis is high and medium priority walkways: tier 1, lighting: tier 4, crosswalk enhancement: tier 4.

CMF most appropriate for this project: CMF Clearinghouse: Using IDs 323, 325, 772, 3092, 289, 5711, 10559, 10993, 481, 11246

Expected percentage of crash reduction based on CMF and types of crashes included:

Resulting in 41.6% less crashes. Previous crashes designated at 1C

ECONOMIC VITALITY

Does the project address a congestion issue using a non-capacity-adding strategy? Explain how the project will address congestion and which strategy(ies) in the Congestion Management Process will be used:

Yes, uses congestion strategy for intersection improvements considered no capacity. Adding the bike/ped lane will reduce congestion as the rate of travel along the road, for motorists, is almost 40 mph. When a cyclist is sharing the road, it is customary to slow down in case of unintentional interaction. The slowing down has a cause-and-effect impact on the roadway, increasing congestion. The designated lane will allow auto and active users to share the road with increased space, allowing cohesive existence. New Facility: Bike/Ped

Based on the Congestion Management Annual Report, how congested is the ☐ Highly Congested ✓ Moderately Congested ☐ Low Congestion/no data	nis corridor?
Based on the Congestion Management Annual Report, how reliable is this ✓ Reliable □ Unreliable	corridor?
Does the project improve a facility in "fair" or "poor" condition? (A facility is pavement, bridge deck, bridge, pathway, sidewalk, etc.) ☐ Good ☐ Fair ☐ Poor ✓ N/A: New Segment	s regarding
Does the project improve freight mobility? ✓ Yes □ No Explain:	
The intersection is the primary arterial for travel through the East Nampa	area. It is

The intersection is the primary arterial for travel through the East Nampa area. It is used by pilots, passengers, and diners to access the amenities provided by the Nampa airport. It is near the St. Alphonsus Regional Medical Hospital and Lakeview Park. Additionally, the intersection provides freight movement; however, there are clearance limitations. The unusual axis of the intersection, along with the antiquated wood poles, do not allow for adequate clearance which is essential for the primary freight corridor which Garrity Boulevard has become. Altering the intersection and improving the signalized components will support the future connectivity along Airport Road to reach Overland Road (Ada County), as described in the Nampa Municipal Airport RPZ Shift Impact Analysis report.

What type of freight corridor is the segment referred to in the COMPASS	Complete
Network Policy?	

✓ Primary F	reight Corridor
□ Secondar	y Freight Corridor
Explain, if necess	ary:

CONVENIENCE

Does the project improve connectivity to a regional activity center as described in COMPASS Complete Network Policy?
✓ Yes □ No
Explain how far the project is from a regional activity center if it is not within the bounds of an activity center:
The project is 0.63 miles from 2 regional activity centers. It is near St. Alphonsus Regional Medical Hospital, Nampa Gateway Shopping Center, (containing one grocery store), Nampa Municipal Airport, Lakeview Park, and a multitude of restaurants and businesses.
If the previous question is not applicable, does the project improve auto and/or active and public transportation accessibility to key destinations? Yes No
Explain and provide a list of the destinations provided access and how far the project is from those destinations. Be sure to include all modes of transportation included in the project that have access benefits from the project:
Does the project address a gap in the network? □ Yes, in the roadway network by adding a missing segment or removing a bottleneck. ✓ Yes, by addressing a gap in the active transportation network. □ Yes, it includes improvements to public transportation facilities. □ No Explain:
This significant improvement is necessary at the North 39 th Street and Garrity Boulevard intersection based on its proximity to the Nampa airport, St. Alphonsus Regional Medical Hospital, local businesses and CWI campus, the Warhawk Air Museum, Lakeview Park, and access to the I-84 interchange, as it will help alleviate congestion during events and increased tourism seasons. It also supports the regional and local future planning for the safety and convenience necessary with increasing traffic volumes.
QUALITY OF LIFE
Does the project benefit an underserved area (as related to the COMPASS Equity Index)? ✓ Yes □ No
If the answer is no, but will still provide benefits to an underserved area, explain how:

Explain the benefit(s) the project will provide to an underserved area:

The project benefits an underserved area at a high rate of 100%. It will address the Equity Index scores (9, 10, 11, 12) while providing a safer experience for active transportation. The project proposes to upgrade signals and install a bike/ped facility. There will be accompanying street lighting for better visibility and ADA compliant infrastructure install, as well.

Does the project address any environmental impacts as listed in the COMPASS Environmental Review Map?

✓ Yes

Please list the impacts identified on the Environmental Review Map and explain how the project will address the impacts:

Currently industrial freight and other large trucks must detour around the intersection to deliver to businesses in the area. The signal lights are old and hang lower than normal. Also, the intersection is slanted, not a typical angle for turning. As they detour, they are passing emissions further into the atmosphere and increasing noise throughout alternative areas. Altering the intersection and allowing usual transport, will increase delivery time and allow for direct transport instead of trying to find a different route.

If the COMPASS Environmental Review Map does not provide information for this project, provide supplemental documentation that shows the project addresses environmental impacts and provides references to where the information was obtained.

READINESS

Is the project a priority to the sponsor agency?

COMPASS staff will request all priorities of applications submitted after the deadline.

We have rated this project just outside our top ten priorities. It is number eleven on our list.

Does the partner agency provide match above the required minimum?

Project amounts and proposed match are provided in the Phase I application. If the amount of request or match proposed is different than in Phase I, please revise Phase I.

Only requiring match.

Is the project ready for federal implementation? (Mark all that apply)

- ✓ Pre-concept report complete or equivalent
- ✓ Preliminary design complete
- ☐ Environmental complete
- ☐ Final design complete
- ✓ Right-of-way plans complete (or not needed)
- √ Right-of-way acquired (or not needed)
- ☐ PS&E is ready

REQUIRED ATTACHMENTS

All project applications must include the following attachments (not counted in the page limitation):

- ITD form 0414 Sub-Awardee Reporting for the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act <u>Tutorial Video</u>
- ITD form 1150 Project Cost Summary Sheet Tutorial Video
- ITD form 2435 Local Federal-Aid Project Request Tutorial Video
- COMPASS Form FA100 Federal Requirements <u>Tutorial Video</u>
- Estimating Worksheet (must match form 1150 and 2435) Tutorial Video
 - Be sure to update Phase I cost information if change occurred since the submittal of Phase I



Address

Sub-Awardee Reporting For The Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA)

ITD 0414 Rev. 11-15 itd.idaho.gov

Zip Code

State

As required by the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act ("Transparency Act" or "FFATA" per P.L. 109-282, as amended by section 6202(a) of P.L. 110-252; note 31 U.S.C. 6101), information on the first-tier sub-awards related to Federal contracts and grants, and the executive compensation of awardees and sub-awardees must be made publicly available beginning October 1, 2010. Federal agencies and prime awardees will report to ensure disclosure of Federal contract and grant sub-award and executive compensation data¹

disclosure of Federal contract and grant sub-award and executive compensation data ¹ .		
The following information must be repor	ted for prime awardees and sub-awardees²:	
Sub-Awardee DUNS ³	Sub-Awardee Name	
072959430 (UEI R6QNKZMEAHT4)	City of Nampa	

City

411 3rd St N. Nampa ID 83651

- Names and total compensation of the five most highly compensated officers of the entity must be listed if:
- the entity in the preceding fiscal year received 80 percent or more of its annual gross and revenues in Federal awards; and
- the entity in the preceding fiscal year received \$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal awards; and
- the public does not have access to this information about the compensation of the senior executives of the entity through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. §§ 78m(a), 78o(d)) or section 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. See FFATA § 2(b)(1).

Name	Total Compensation⁴
1. n/a	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
Explanation for exemption from listing above	

Definitions and Authority

- 1. From Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, memorandum dated August 27, 2010.
- 2. A sub-awardee is a recipient of a sub-award. I.E., where ITD loses programmatic control or resident oversight; functioning only as a trustee of an obligation.
 - 3. Unique identifier used is the sub-awardee's Dun & Bradstreet (D&B) DUNS Number. See OMB M-09-19 at 11.
- 4. "Total compensation" means the cash and noncash dollar value earned by the executives during the sub-recipient's past fiscal year of the following (for more information see 17 CFR 229.402(c)(2)): (i). Salary and bonus. (ii). Awards of stock, stock options, and stock appreciation rights. Use the dollar amount recognized for financial statement reporting purposes with respect to the fiscal year in accordance with FAS 123R. (iii). Earnings for services under non-equity incentive plans. Does not include group life, health, hospitalization or medical reimbursement plans that do not discriminate in favor of executives, and are available generally to all salaried employees. (iv). Change in pension value. This is the change in present value of defined benefit and actuarial pension plans. (v). Above-market earnings on deferred compensation which are not tax qualified. (vi). Other compensation. For example, severance, termination payments, value of life insurance paid on behalf of the employee, perquisites or property if the value for the executive exceeds \$10,000.

Completed By (Sub-Awardee's Printed Name)	Title		FFY
Crystal Craig, P.E.	Director of Transportation,	Public Works	25
Signature		Date	
Crystal Crave		January 21	, 2025

Project Cost Summary Sheet

ITD 1150 (Rev. 06-17) itd.idaho.gov



Round Estimates to Nearest \$1,000

Key Number	Project Number				Date
Location					1/21/2025 District
	rrity Blvd and 39th St, Nampa	a			3
Segment Code	Begin Mile Post		End Mile Post	Length in Miles	10
043111, 002040	100.554, 61.431		100.743, 61.592	0.35	
				Previous ITD 1	150 Initial or Revise To
1a. Preliminary E	ngineering (PE)				\$121,105
1b. Preliminary E	ngineering by Consultant (PE	EC)			\$405,015
2. Right-of-Way:	Number of Parcels 6	Number o	f Relocations		\$922,000
3. Utility Adjustm	ents:	als □By Sta	te By Others		
4. Earthwork					\$123,000
5. Drainage and	Minor Structures				\$147,000
6. Pavement and	d Base				\$502,000
7. Railroad Cros	sing:				
Grade/Separa	tion Structure			_	
At-Grade Sigr	als				
8. Bridges/Grade	e Separation Structures:				
☐ New Structu	re Length/Width			_	
Location					
☐ Repair/Wide	ening/Rehabilitation Le	ength/Width			
Location		-			
	Delineators, Signing, Channe	elization, Light	ing, and Signals)		\$544,000
10. Temporary Tra Separation)	affic Control (Sign, Pavemen	nt Markings, Fl	agging, and Traffic		\$147,000
11. Detours					
12. Landscaping					\$73,000
13. Mitigation Mea	asures				
14. Other Items (F Gutter, C.S.S	Roadside Development, Gua . Items)	rdrail, Fencing	, Sidewalks, Curb and		\$351,000
15. Cost of Const	ructions (Items 3 through 14))			\$1,887,000
16. Mobilization	10 % of Item 15				\$189,000
17. Construction E	ngineer and Contingencies	55.3 %	of Items 15 and 16		\$1,148,000
18. Total Construc	tion Cost (15 + 16 + 17)				\$3,224,000
19. Total Project (Cost (1 + 2 + 18)				\$4,672,000
20. Project Cost F	Per Mile			\$1,000	\$13,349,000
Prepared By:					
Daris Bruce					

ITD 2435 (Rev. 01-09)

Local Federal-Aid Project Request

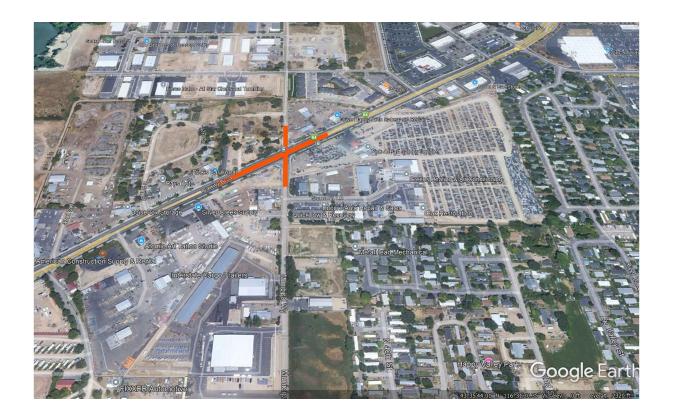


Instructions

- 1. Under Character of Proposed Work, mark appropriate boxes when work includes Bridge Approaches in addition to a Bridge.
- 2. Attach a Vicinity Map showing the extent of the project limits.
- 3. Attach an ITD 1150, Project Cost Summary Sheet.
- 4. Signature of an appropriate local official is the only kind recognized.

Note: In Applying for a Federal-Aid Project, You are Agreeing to Follow all of the Federal Requirements Which Can Add Substantial Time and Costs to the

Development of the Project.								
Sponsor (City, County, Highw	vay District, Stat	e/Federal <i>A</i>	Agency)					Date
City of Nampa								01-17-25
Project Title (Name of Street	,		F.A. Route No	umber	Project L	ength	Br	idge Length
N 39th Street & Garrity		•	N/A		0.5			
Project Limits (Local Landma N 39th Street & Garrity								
Character of Proposed	Work (Mark A	ppropriat	e Items)					
	Bicycle	Facilities	s 🔲 Utilit	ies	\boxtimes	Sidewall	<	
⊠ Drainage	⊠ Traffic (Control	☐ Land	dscaping		Seal Coa	at	
⊠ Base	☐ Bridge(s	s)	☐ Gua	rdrail				
	⊠ Curb &	Gutter	Ligh	ting				
Estimated Costs (Attach	n ITD 1150, Pro	oject Cost	Summary Sheet)					
Preliminary Engine	eering (ITD 1	150, Line	1) \$ 526,120					
Right-of-Way (ITD	1150, Line 2)		\$ 922,000		<u></u>			
Construction (ITD	1150, Line 18)		\$ 3,224,000					
Preliminary Engineering	g By: 🔲 Sp	onsor Fo	orces 🛮 Consulta	ınt				
Checklist (Provide Name	es, Locations, a	and Type o	of Facilities)					
Railroad Crossing		N/A						
Within 2 miles of an Air	port	Yes, 0.5	56mi					
Parks (City, County, Stat	e or Federal)	N/A						
Environmentally Sensit	ive Areas	NVA						
Federal Lands (Indian, E	BLM, etc.)	N/A						
Historical Sites		Appear	s none w/in 0.25mi					
Schools		Appear	s none w/in 0.5m					
Other								
Additional Right-of-Way	y Required:	☐ None	☐ Minor (1-3 Par	rcels)	⊠ Extensive	(4 or Mc	re Parcels)
Will any Person or Bus	iness be Disp	olaced:	☐ Yes ⊠ No	☐ Pos	sibly			
Standards	Existi	ng	Proposed	St	andards	Ex	cisting	Proposed
Number of Lanes	5x3		6x3	Roadwa (Shoulde	y Width er to Shoulder)		ft	ft
Pavement Type	HMA	١	HMA	<u> </u>	-Way Width		ft	ft
Sponsor's Signature	0 ()			Title			
Cn	ystal	naig			Public V	Vorks Dire	ctor of Transp	ortation
Additional Information	to be Furnis	hed by t	he District			T		
Functional Classification	n		Terrain Type			20	ADT/DHV	/



UNDERSTANDING OF REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL AID RECIPIENTS

Applicants should keep in mind that receipt of federal funds requires compliance with the following federal and state requirements (Note - this is not an exhaustive list):

- 1. **Equal Opportunity** requirements (non-discrimination) for construction contracts in excess of \$10,000 apply to a wide range of project elements, including contracting opportunities. A non-discrimination agreement must be signed as part of the award process, and records must be kept to show compliance. Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) requirements might apply.
- 2. Minimum wage requirements (**Davis-Bacon Act**) and anti-kickback requirements (**Copeland Act**) for construction contracts in excess of \$2,000, records must be kept to show compliance.
- 3. No use of federal funds for lobbying, for construction contracts in excess of \$100,000.
- 4. National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA).
 - a. The National Environmental Policy Act requires federal actions (including local transportation projects receiving federal aid) to be evaluated for potential impacts to the environment. Idaho Transportation Department (ITD) and the FHWA jointly conduct this review.
 - i. For major actions that significantly affect the quality of the human environment, an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) must be prepared. This is a lengthy (and expensive) process that requires consideration of alternatives, analysis of impacts, and compliance with a series of public notice and comment periods.
 - ii. For projects in which the significance of the environmental impact is uncertain, an Environmental Assessment (EA) must be prepared. This document is more limited in scope than an EIS, and the procedure is not as lengthy. If it is determined, through the EA process, that there will not be significant impacts, a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) is issued. If it is determined that there will be significant impacts, an EIS must be prepared.
 - iii. Most federal aid projects qualify for a "categorical exclusion," meaning that the project will not have a significant effect on the human environment. For these projects, neither an EIS nor an EA need be prepared. Federal regulations have identified several project types that typically receive a categorical exclusion (such as installation of utilities along a road; construction of bicycle and pedestrian paths; landscaping; installation of fences, signs, pavement markings and traffic signals, where no substantial land acquisition or traffic disruption would occur; alterations to facilities to make them accessible to elderly and handicapped persons; and other types of projects). Even though a proposed project might fall within an exclusion category, applicants must obtain clearance from ITD.
 - iv. Contact District Environmental Staff (listed at http://itd.idaho.gov/enviro/District.Staff.htm) for assistance with navigating the environmental review process.

- 5. Compliance with audit requirements:
 - a. An entity expending \$500,000 or more in a year in combined Federal awards (including any funds received from Federal sources outside ITD: US federal contracts, subcontracts, loans, grants, subgrants, and/or cooperative agreements) requires an A-133 Single Audit or program-specific audit each fiscal year.
 - b. An entity whose annual budget (from all sources) exceeds \$250,000 and expends any amount in a year in Federal awards are required to have a full and complete audit of financial statements each fiscal year.
 - c. An entity whose annual budget (from all sources) exceeds \$100,000 but does not exceed \$250,000 and expends any amount in a year of Federal awards has a minimum requirement of a financial statements audit on a biennial basis. Biennial audits shall include an audit of each fiscal year since the previous audit.
 - d. An entity whose annual budget (from all sources) exceeds \$50,000 but does not exceed \$100,000 and expends any amount in a year of Federal awards has a minimum requirement of a financial statements review on a biennial basis. Biennial review shall include a review of each fiscal year since the previous review.
 - e. An entity whose annual budget (from all sources) does not exceed \$50,000 and expends any amount in a year of Federal awards has a minimum requirement of a financial statements review by ITD on a biennial basis. Biennial ITD reviews shall include a review of each fiscal year since the previous review.
- 6. Compliance with Americans with Disabilities Act requirements. This includes a compliance Self-Evaluation, and for agencies with 50 or more employees, an ADA Transition Plan. Transition Plans identify physical obstacles to accessibility, describe methods to make facilities accessible, specify a schedule for completion, identify a responsible official, estimate the cost of each modification, and record completion dates.
- 7. Compliance with U.S. Office of Management and Budget (0MB) circulars on allowable costs, as follows:

For the costs of a:	1use the principles in:
State, Local or Indian Tribal Government	:12 CFR 225
Private, nonprofit organization other than an (1) institution of higher education, (2) hospital, or (3) organization named in 2 CFR 230 as not subject to that circular	2 CFR 230
Educational institution	:12 CFR 220
For-profit organization other than a hospital and an organization named in 2 CFR 230 as not subject to that circular	48 CFR Part 31, Contract Cost Principles and Procedures, or uniform cost accounting standards that comply with cost principles acceptable to the Federal agency.

COMPASS Form FA100 Based in part on ITD's Site Checklist for TAP-State applications.

- 8. Compliance with Federal Transit Administration, ITD, or Valley Regional Transit grant administration team reimbursement requirements. In most cases, recipients must request reimbursement of an expense within 60 days or the expense will not be reimbursed. ITD has up to 30 days to issue the reimbursement.
- 9. Compliance with minimum liability insurance requirements. Contractors must have comprehensive public and general liability insurance of at least \$500,000.00 per occurrence, and \$1,000,000.00 aggregate.

	Crystal Craig, P.E. the information above and under			
fede abov	ral requirements to follow if this p ve is merely a summary of federal osed considering the federal requ	roject requir	is funded with federal frements for a federal-ai	funds. The information
_	ect Name: <u>N 39th Street & Garri</u>	•	ılevard, Signal	
Sign	ed: Crystal Craic	1		
Date	ed: <u>1/21/25</u>			

 $\label{thm:compass} $$T:\FY16\600\ Projects\685\ 101\ TIP\FY1822TIP\App\ Guide\COMPASS\ Form\ FA100\ -\ Summary\ of\ Federal\ Requirements.docx$

Project Estimating Worksheet For Large Construction Projects

Proposed Funding Match	Local Rate	Federal Rate
Rates	7.34%	92.66%

Enter proposed match rate (currently assumed at required rate, but could be higher), updates made below automatically. Change the rate to 100% below if agency plans to cover the cost of a phase with local funds - such as design costs, utilities, or right-of-way costs.

Infrastruct	ure Project (more than \$500,000)				Portion		l Portion
Phase Code	Description (include amounts for federal-aid items only)	Percentages	Project Totals	Proposed Local Match Percentage	Local Cash Match	Proposed Federal Percentage	Federal Amount Requested
	Preliminary Construction Estimate (PCE)						-
CN	(Enter the estimated cost of construction only)		\$ 2,077,000	7.34%	\$152,452	92.66%	\$1,924,548
CN	Construction Contingency (Overruns, change orders, etc.) (30% of PCE)	30%	\$ 623,100	7.34%	\$45,736	92.66%	\$577,364
CE	Construction Engineering (ITD) (standard rate: 0.5% of PCE + contingency)	0.50%	\$ 13,501	7.34%	\$991	92.66%	\$12,510
сс	Construction Engineering (Consultant) (standard 15% of PCE + contingency for roadway - if project is a bridge, increase to 20%. If project includes complexities, increase up to 32%)	15%	\$ 405,015	7.34%	\$29,728	92.66%	\$375,287
CL	Construction Engineering (LHTAC) (standard rate: 4% of PCE + contingency)	4.00%	\$ 108,004	7.34%	\$7,927	92.66%	\$100,077
UT	Utilities (amount for moving/improving utilities)			7.34%	\$0	92.66%	\$0
RW	Right-of-Way assistance with land acquisition participation.) (This number depends on the number of parcels involved in the project. For up to 10 parcels, \$5,000. 10 to 20 parcels, \$10,000. More than 20 parcels, contact COMPASS staff.)		\$ 5,000	7.34%	\$367	92.66%	\$4,633
LP	Land Purchase (estimated amount for land purchase)		\$ 917,000	7.34%	\$67,308	92.66%	\$849,692
PE	Preliminary Engineering (ITD) (standard rate: 0.5% of PCE + contingency)	0.50%	\$ 13,501	7.34%	\$991	92.66%	\$12,510
PC	Preliminary Engineering (Consultant) (standard 15% of PCE + contingency for roadway - if project is a bridge, increase to 20%. If project includes complexities, increase up to 25%)	15%	\$ 405,015	7.34%	\$29,728	92.66%	\$375,287
PL	Preliminary Engineering (LHTAC) (standard rate: 4% of PCE + contingency)	4.00%	\$ 108,004	7.34%	\$7,927	92.66%	\$100,077

Total Project Estimate	Total Local Portion	Total Federal Portion
\$4,675,139	\$343,155	\$4,331,984



39th & Garrity

ITD Crash Summary		Crash
Total Crashes	39	100.00%
Intersection Related	29	74.36%
Distracted Driver Related	11	28.21%
CMV Rellated	4	10.26%
Alcohol Related	2	5.13%
Fixed Object	2	5.13%
Impaired Driver Related	2	5.13%
Fatal Crashes	1	2.56%
Show all (5 more)	1	2.56%
Date & Time (Year)		Crash
2023	6	15.38%
2022	8	20.51%
2021	8	20.51%
2020	6	15.38%
2019	11	28.21%
Show all (12 more)	0	0%
Crash Severity (# of Crashes)		Crash
(0) Property Damage Report	26	66.67%
(C) Possible Injury/Compl1aint	6	15.38%
(B) Suspected Minor/Viisible Injury	5	12.82%
(A) Suspected Serious Injury	1	2.56%
(K) Fata:!Injury	1	2.56%
Injury Name		Person
No Apparent Injury	95	80.51%
Possible Injury	10	8.47%
Suspected Mino:r Injury	9	7.63%

unKnown	"L	1 .bY%
Fatal Injury		0.85%
Suspected Serious Injury		0.85%
Intersection Related		Crash
Yes	29	74.36%
No	10	25.64%
Most Harmful Event		Crash
Rear-End	28	71.79%
Head-On Turning	4	10.26%
Side Swipe Same	3	7.69%
Angtle Turningt	2	5.13%
Angle	1	2.56%
Other Fixed Object	1	2.56%
Pedestrian	1	2.56%
Rear-End TI!Jrning	1	2.56%
Show all (56 more)	0	0%
Contributing Circumstances (All)		Crash
None	39	7 00.00%
Following Too Close	78	4615%
Inattention	8	20.51%
Failed to Obey Signal	4	10.26%
Distracted IN or ON Vehicle	3	7.69%
Failed to Yield	3	7.69%
Alcohol Impaired	2	5.73%
Improper Lane Change	2	5.13%
Show all (33 more)	1	2.56%
Operator Action		Crash
Going Straiglit	37	94.87%

Stopped in Traffic	20	51.28%
Turning Left	7	17.95%
Slowing in Traffic	4	10.26%
Changing Lanes	2	5.13%
Avoiding Obstacle	1	2.56%
Turning Right	1	2.56%
Walk/Ride on Sidewalk	1	2.56%
Show all (48 more)	0	0%
Unit Type		Unit
Car	38	43.18%
Pickup	20	22.73%
SUV/Crossover	20	22.73%
Van - 1 to 8 seats	5	5.68%
Cargo Van	2	2.27%
Bus - 16 or more seats	1	1.14%
Pedestrian	1	1.14%
Truck - 2 Axle/6 Tires	1	1.14%
11dok 270klo/0 11loo	I	1.14%