Roadway Project Scoring	Points	Max	Notes:
Madison Road and Ustick Road Intersection Improvements	1 011163	Points	Notes.
CIM Score			
CIM project score	13.28	26	On the Ustick Road Corridor (Unfunded, score 66.4)
Performance Assessment:			
Safety - Maximum 40			
Does the project address a known auto safety issue?	20	30	HIN: No RSAP Emphasis: High & Medium Priority Walkways: Tier 1, RRFB Tier 3 Auto Crashes: A1 CMF Clearinghouse IDs: 4686,7572,5711,10993,2375,3092,4034,1115 8 resulting in average of 45.6% less crashes
Does the project address a known active transportation safety issue and improve safety for active transportation users?	20	30	Bike/Ped Crashes (within 0.25 m): 1A
Does the project support the mode of the segment identified in the Complete Network Policy?	15	20	This question not included in the application used. Supports Modes: Auto, Active Transportation, Freight
Total:	40	40	Limit of 40.
Economic Vitality - Maximum 25			
Does the project address a congestion issue using a non- capacity adding strategy?	0	10	Congestion: low
Does the project improve a facility in "fair" or "poor" condition?	0	10	New segment.
Does the project improve freight mobility?	5	5	
Total:	5	25	
Convenience - Maximum 25			
Does the project improve connectivity to a regional activity center?	0	10	2.88 miles from a RAC
Does the project improve auto and/or active and public transportation accessibility to key destinations?	2	8	Note only gets score if project is not in the range of a regional activity center. Within 1/2 mile of elementary school. Within 1 mile of 1 restaurant and 4 stores.
Does the project address a gap in the network?	4	16	Active transportation gap.
Total:	6	25	
Quality of Life - Maximum 15			
Does the project benefit an underserved area?	7	10	Equity score: 7, 7, 5, 5 (med and med/low)
Does the project address potential environmental impacts?	5	5	Water_Wetland, , EnviroJustice_MinorityArea, Water_Floodzone_500, Water_Groundwater, SchoolParcels, Floodzone
Total:	12	15	
Performance Total:	63	105	
Programming Asessment:			
Readiness and Support - Maximum 25		4.0	
Is the project a priority to the sponsor agency?  Does the sponsor agency provide match above the required	0	10	13 out of 16
minimum?	0	5	Only required match.
Is the project ready for Federal implementation?	1	10	Preliminary Design
Programming Total:	1	25	
Total Score:	77.28	156	

### IV. APPLICATION SUPPLEMENTAL

FY2026-2032 COMPASS Application Guide

Phase I - Page 1 Phase II - Page 7

#### **TUTORIAL VIDEOS:**

- How To Create a Successful Grant Application: <a href="https://youtu.be/zKokWhBexJU">https://youtu.be/zKokWhBexJU</a>
- How To Fill Out the Phase I Application Form: <a href="https://youtu.be/yOuSQTmz6oc">https://youtu.be/yOuSQTmz6oc</a>

# 2026 COMPASS Funding Application Phase I All Projects

All applications must be submitted in Word format by email to <a href="mailto:ssader@COMPASSidaho.org">ssader@COMPASSidaho.org</a>. This phase of the application page limit is 10 pages. See last page for definitions of acronyms and link to Phase I Application Tutorial Video.

### **DETAILS**

**Sponsor Name (agency)**: City of Nampa Public Works

Main Agency Contact: Shelia Gibson, <a href="mailto:gibsons@cityofnampa.us">gibsons@cityofnampa.us</a>, 208-468-5467

Project Title: Ustick Road & Madison Road, Intersection Improvement

### **PROJECT DETAILS**

### **Briefly describe your project:**

Reconstruct the intersection of Ustick Road and Madison Road converting it from a stop controlled four-way junction to a roundabout intersection with curb and gutter, landscape buffer and sidewalk/path.

Madison Road is a single lane north and southbound lane intersecting Ustick Road at a controlled stop. The intersection of Ustick Road and Madison Road is located in North Nampa. Ustick Road is a principal arterial, and connects Nampa to Caldwell, Meridian and Boise. Ustick Road is free flowing single lane road traveling to the east and west. There are no curb and gutter directly at the intersection, nor bike or ped facilities. This intersection is between Northside Boulevard and Franklin Boulevard along Ustick Road Corridor in Nampa, Idaho. Ustick Road is posted at 50 mph.

<b>Briefly describe the</b>	location of the proje	ct (inclu	de main segm	ent and	d termini):
	for this project mana TD, a highway district,			urisdio	ction? (e.g. is ROW
	ort from the managing oval prior to submission			to ensu	re their
additional ROW need t  ☐ Yes  ✓ No ☐ N/A  Knowing what is in	place before improve that result from the i	ements a improvei  Curb Gutter ADA Rai PHB Crc	re made will hements. Check a	elp CO	OMPASS quantify sting descriptions or between Sidewalk/Road to Lighting top ullout ane helter
<ul><li>□ Bridge Fencing</li><li>□ Bridge Guardrail</li></ul>	☐ Sidewalk 7-8' width☐ Sidewalk 9-10' width	☐ Bike/Pe	d Facility bout 3-lane		
Please describe, if nec	essary				
Road. Along the nort about 725 feet, there and gutter. Existing of	lewalk on the southeas h side of Ustick Road a e is curb and gutter for corrugated metal pipe i Il need pipe replaceme	pproxima runoff dis s also at	tely 300 feet ea scharge to roads the Madison Roa	st of Ma side swa	adison Road, for ales behind the curb
Check all counterme	easures you plan to a	ıdd:			
☐ Widen 2 to 3 lanes ☐ Widen 2 to 4 lanes ✓ Widen 2 to 5 lanes	☐ Convert Signaled to Ro☐ Upgrade Stop Sign to F☐		☐ Add Mid-Street Cro ☐ Add PHB Crossing ✓ Add RFFB Crossing	_	☐ Replace Bridge ☐ Widen Shoulder ☐ Add Bus Stop
☐ Widen 3 to 5 lanes☐ Widen 3 to 6-7 lanes☐	<ul><li>☐ Upgrade Signals</li><li>✓ Add ITS</li><li>✓ Add Street Lighting</li></ul>		☐ Add LPI☐ Add Bike Lane		Add Bus Pullout Add Bus Lane

☐ Widen 4 to 5-7 lanes

☐ Add ADA Ramps

✓ Add road/sidewalk Barrier
□ Add Bus Shelter

☐ Add TWLTL	✓ Add Curb & Gutter	✓ Add Bike/Ped Facility	Other:
☐ Free Running Right Turn	☐ Add Sidewalk 3-4' width	Add Raised Median	
Add Bridge Guardrails	Add Sidewalk 5-7' width	☐ Sealcoat Road	
Add Bridge Fencing	Add Sidewalk 8-10' width	☐ Inlay & Millwork	
☐ Convert Stop to Signaled	☐ Add Pathway 8-10' width  ✓ Add Multi-Use Pathway	Repaint Striping	
Convert Stop to Roundabout	·	☐ Replace Signage	
Please describe, if neces	sary		
Does the project inclu ☐ Yes ✓ No	de improvements to the	e public transportation	system?
	from the public transportati		
PURPOSE AND NEED			
PURPOSE AND NEED			
Describe the project's	purpose and need in de	etail including why this	s project is
important to your age	ncy and to the region (p	olease reference <i>Communiti</i>	
and objectives as well as p	erformance measures and ta	rgets):	
the intersection at Mad Highway District No. 1. configurations required were two countermeasu countermeasure was to a roundabout. Either co	mpleted a traffic forecast sison Road for the city of Northey determined future in to increase the level of secures identified, researched install a traffic signal. Whountermeasure is necessartick Road as a secondary of	ampa, Highway District Natersection control and retroice for those utilizing the land estimated for the land the other was to convey to increase travel through	No. 4, and Nampa eviewed the lane he corridor. There apgrade. One vert the intersection to agh the area for
and development in the a place where Nampa of the roadway to minimize jurisdictions money by running a red light, spenecessary. Also with the pedestrian facilities can encourage other means options. The Ustick Road	nsidered a travel corridor of area is expanding, the interest and kinetic area with a ze injury crashes. The construction of the construction of times when light e intersection changes, real be added at the same times of transportation and bered corridor study also indices. Since this corridor is a new times of the corridor study also indices.	tersection at Madison Ro roundabout, slowing down struction of a roundabout ials around for traffic infinites are malfunctioning, and construction can be maxime. Implementing a continefit those lacking publicitates that traffic on Usticles.	ad has been viewed as wn the speed along will save local ractions such as d a traffic attendant is imized, and bike and nuous pathway will transportation k will increase by
CIM2050 Goals (check all th	at apply):		
✓ Safety: ✓ Incr	eases Safety ✓ Increases Secur	rity   Supports Resiliency	
✓ Economic Vitality: ✓ Pro	motes Economic Vitality ☐ Promote  ✓ Promotes Travel/Tourism	es Freight	
✓ Convenience: ✓ Inc	reases Access/Mobility ✓ Increase	s Connectivity	gestion

✓ Quality of Life:	☐ Kind to Environment ✓ Enhances Public Health ✓ Preserves/Connects to Open Space ☐ Promotes Affordable Housing ✓ Provides Transportation Options ✓ Benefits the Underserved
FUNDING REQUE	EST / PROJECT TYPE
COMPASS staff.  □ Project Do □ CIM Implo ✓ Federal Fo □ Staff Assi	evelopment Program (PDP) – consultant cost of up to \$50,000 ementation Grant Program – reimbursement of up to \$50,000 unds – this option will require further information provided in Phase II stance Only – this option will remove the application from the priority ranking but he Resource Development Plan for funding support.
✓ Capital/Co □ Public Tra ✓ Active Tra □ Planning:	

### PROJECT BUDGET

**Provide a total cost estimate and amount requested for the following project tasks or activities:** If you continue in the process for federal-aid funding, you will be required to provide a much more detailed budget in Phase II. If needed, costs may be adjusted at that time. Note: This amount may be adjusted later.

Total Project Cost:	7,712,000
Amount Requested (total cost minus any local match):	7,145,939
Proposed local match (amount):	566,061
Proposed local match (percentage):	7.34%

Please describe how you arrived at the cost estimates (previous similar project, design complete, etc.); and explain if additional local funds are available if the project cannot be fully funded:

The project budget is based on a concept included in the Ustick Road Corridor Study provided by Six Mile Engineering showing costs to improve to a traffic signal.

### What is the source of the match?

✓ Yes

The source of the match is local funds.
Can the project be phased? (segmented into sub-units; phasing does not include splitting out design from construction)  □ Yes  ✓ No
If yes, please indicate how your project can be phased and approximate costs of each phase:
This intersection is considered a phase of Ustick Road modifications included in the Communities in Motion reports. We have separated the intersections from widening already.
PARTNERS/SUPPORT  Are other jurisdictional agencies or partners involved in this project?  □ No  ✓ Yes  If yes, please list the jurisdictional agencies and other partners and their role in the project:
As Ustick Road is the dividing boundary between highway districts, but located within the City's Area of Impact, the corridor has potential for other funding partners including Nampa Highway District No. 1, and Highway District No. 4.
Has any public involvement been conducted for this project?  □ No

If yes, describe the results of those public involvement initiatives with a link to the project website, if applicable:

According to Six Mile Engineering and their Ustick Road Corridor Study findings from 2022, their responses from area citizens (for Madison Road and Ustick Road specifically) were as follows: "Improvements to Ustick and Madison need to come sooner rather than later. It's a mess when school starts and gets out. With all those young, inexperienced, impatient drivers, it's a matter of time before there is a bad accident. A four way stop until permanent solution can be built should be installed." "It should not be legal to pass other cars on Ustick between Franklin and Madison and the speed limit needs to be reduced a bit. There is far too much traffic coming and going onto Ustick in this area now and I sometimes feel I am risking my life trying to turn onto Ustick." "Combination of lights and roundabouts needs to be utilized. The Madison and Owyhee Storm intersections must Ave traffic light intersections due to student drivers who do not have the maturity to safely use roundabouts. The Franklin intersection needs to have traffic lights due to a planned Jackson's C-store and gas station at that intersection. The remainder of the intersections may have roundabouts, with the exception of the future Hwy 16 interchange." "From the slide show, it looks like it would flow smoothly, I drive though the Franklin and Ustick intersection twice daily and run north on franklin and then west on Ustick, I dream of a sidewalk between Franklin and Madison." The initial comment was received on August 26, 2022. Since that time, a four-way stop has been installed.

### **READINESS TO PROCEED**

Has any work been completed on this project? (Mark all phases that are complete)  □ N/A □ Nothing is Complete ✓ Preliminary Design (concept) – 30% of the design □ Final Design □ Environmental Review □ Utilities □ Right-of-Way
Please explain, if necessary:
If design has been started, does it meet federal standards? Federal standards are described in the Local Public Agency Projects Guide within the Idaho Transportation Department's Manual.  ✓ Yes □ No □ N/A
Please explain, if necessary:

### PLANNING DOCUMENTS

### Is the project specifically listed in Communities in Motion 2050?

✓ Yes

□ N/A

### Please provide the reference (long-term funded, unfunded, etc.):

The intersection is included within the area of Ustick Road contained in the Communities in Motion 2020 Priority Roadway Projects – Local under the Unfunded section showing the widening from Midland Boulevard to Star Road (five lanes) at \$56,260,000, as estimated in 2022.

### Does this project conform to a local or regional plan?

✓ Yes

□ No

Please explain: (reference the plan(s) with title/link, provide approval dates and page reference)

The area of improvement is referenced in the 2019 Nampa Citywide Transportation Plan

### **ATTACHMENTS:**

Attach no more than two map/sketch pages (if applicable).

## Attach required one-page support letters if the conditions below are applicable (otherwise optional).

- A support letter is required:
  - From the ROW jurisdiction if not within the sponsor's jurisdiction (e.g. ITD, highway district, or canal company)
  - From the land-use agency if the project is not the same as the highway jurisdiction (e.g. a city or county)
  - From the public transportation agency if the project includes improvements to public transportation operations/facilities and the sponsor does not have jurisdiction (e.g. VRT)

### **DEFINITIONS of ACRONYMS:**

ADA American Disabilities Act
CIM Communities in Motion

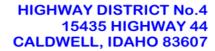
ITS Intelligent Transportation Systems

LIP Leading Pedestrian Interval PHB Pedestrian Hybrid Beacon

RFFB Rectangular Rapid-Flashing Beacons

TWLTL Two-Way Left-Turn Lane

PHASE I VIDEO TUTORIAL: View Tutorial here.





TELEPHONE 208.454.8135 FAX 208.454.2008

December 12, 2024

Executive Director Matt Stoll Community Planning Association C/O City of Nampa 700 NE 2<sup>nd</sup> Street, Suite 200 Meridian, ID 83642

**Re: Ustick Road Improvements** 

Dear Director Stoll,

I am writing to offer my full support for the City of Nampa's Ustick Road intersection improvements. These improvements include 11<sup>th</sup> Avenue and Ustick Road intersection, Prescott Lane and Ustick Road intersection, Franklin Boulevard and Ustick Road intersection, Madison Road and Ustick Road roundabout, and Northside Boulevard and Ustick Road roundabout to receive federal and local funding, along with any future supplemental funding pursuits.

I am excited to know that the project will expand community access while accommodating all transportation users, aligning with our shared transportation and accessibility goals by constructing new and improved multi-modal facilities between Ada and Canyon County. The city of Nampa will significantly improve access to all members of the community and will improve regional mobility and connectivity, aligning with our shared equity goals as identified in their 2040 Comprehensive Plan. The Comprehensive Plan has designated Ustick Road for "Mixed-Use Development" which also aligns with this project through various factors, including the ones listed below:

- **Corridor Connection Public:** Important for the movement of goods, services, and regional traffic.
- **Safety Traffic:** Additional lanes of travel and landscape or gutter add barriers for non-motorists to enjoy a safer journey.
- **Mobility Public:** Area is transitioning from agricultural to industrial and regional commercial with areas preserved for lower density residential.
- Environment Public: Pathways for cyclist and pedestrians encourage health.
- **Industry Enhancement:** Share, promote, and integrate successful emerging technology deployment to other regional agencies and partners.

This project aligns with the Ustick Road Corridor Study completed in 2022 in partnership with City of Nampa, City of Caldwell, Nampa Highway District, and Highway District No. 4. Development of additional safety and capacity improvements for this corridor is a regional priority.

Please use this letter as proof of my support as needed. I would strongly urge funding programs to give the intersections along Ustick Road all due consideration.

Respectfully,

Chris Hopper, P.E.

District Engineer

Highway District No. 4

### NAMPA HIGHWAY DISTRICT NO. 1

Commissioners: Dick Smith, Randy Noble, Bryce D. Millar

December 12, 2024

Executive Director Matt Stoll Community Planning Association C/O City of Nampa 700 NE 2<sup>nd</sup> Street, Suite 200 Meridian, ID 83642

Director Stoll,

The Nampa Highway District supports the City of Nampa in its efforts to improve the intersections along the Ustick Road corridor. These improvements include 11th Avenue and Ustick Road intersection, Prescott Lane and Ustick Road intersection, Franklin Boulevard and Ustick Road intersection, Madison Road and Ustick Road roundabout, and Northside Boulevard and Ustick Road roundabout to receive federal and local funding, along with any future supplemental funding pursuits.

Ustick Rd. is a vital corridor for the local transportation system and improvements to this corridor will expand community access while accommodating all transportation users. This project will align our shared transportation and accessibility goals by constructing new and improved multi-modal facilities between Ada and Canyon County. By making these improvements, the City of Nampa will significantly improve access to all members of the community and will improve regional mobility and connectivity as identified in their 2040 Comprehensive Plan. The Comprehensive Plan has designated Ustick Rd. for "Mixed-Use Development" which also aligns with this project through various factors, including the ones listed below:

- Corridor Connection Public: Important for the movement of goods, services, and regional traffic.
- Safety Traffic: Additional lanes of travel and landscape or gutter add barriers for non-motorists to enjoy a safer journey.
- Mobility Public: Area is transitioning from agricultural to industrial and regional commercial with areas preserved for lower density residential.
- Environment Public: Pathways for cyclist and pedestrians encourage health.
- Industry Enhancement: Share, promote, and integrate successful emerging technology deployment to other regional agencies and partners.

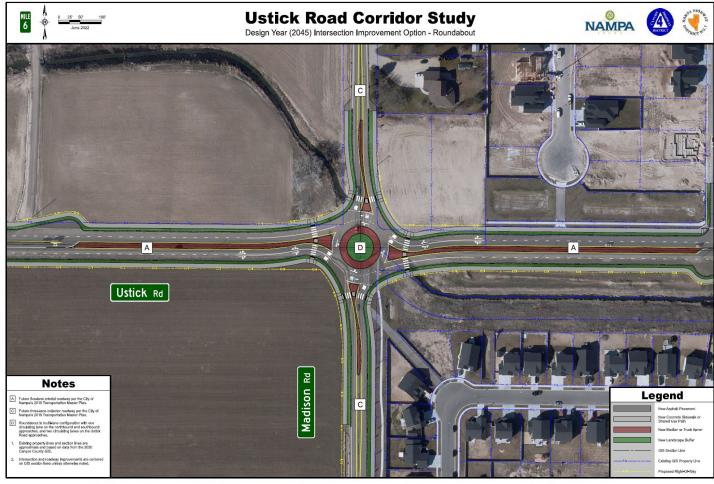
Please use this letter as proof of my support as needed. I would strongly urge funding programs to give the intersections along Ustick Road all due consideration.

Sincerely,

Nicolas J. Lehman, P.E.

Nampa Highway District No. 1 Director





## 2025 COMPASS Funding Application Phase II

The next sets of questions pertain to PRIMARY PROJECT TYPES (Planning, Roadway, Active Transportation, and Public Transportation).

Please fill out ONLY the section that pertains to your project (and delete the other sections).

### The four project categories are below:

### Definitions:

□ **Planning Only** - Projects for which the primary result is a study, document, or planning product. This would include any plan, study, data acquisition, Planning and Environmental Linkages (PEL) study, or other process that is eligible for federal funds, but does not directly result in capital or maintenance expenses. Applications seeking design funds for a project that fits into one of the other categories would fit into that category. Examples: County Transportation Plan, Americans Disabilities Act (ADA) Transition Plan, Transportation System Management and Operations (TSMO) Plan, Freight Fluidity Study.

✓ **Roadway** - Auto-oriented projects that improve, maintain, modify, or add vehicle travel lanes; modify roadway geometry or intersection design; add or modify intersection controls;, and/or are used for roadway operations. Examples: Added travel lanes, added turning lanes, roadway resurfacing, roadway realignments, intersection improvements, signal control modifications, Transportation System Management and Operations (TSMO), and ITS improvements.

☐ **Active Transportation** - Active mode user-oriented projects that improve, maintain, modify, or add active mode facilities without extensive impact\* on the roadway.

Examples: New or improved pathways, bikeways, or sidewalks; improved bike or pedestrian crossings; minor operational changes benefiting pedestrians (e.g., leading pedestrian signals); traffic calming; addressing ADA compliance issues; and/or adding permanent active mode data collection devices

\*"Extensive impact" to the roadway would include a change in the number of vehicle-travel lanes, but would exclude a reduction in lane widths to accommodate a pathway, for example).

□ **Public Transportation** - Projects that improve, maintain, replace, modify, or add facilities, equipment, technologies, or capital supporting public transportation and/or vanpool services.

Examples: Improving bus stops, replacing vehicles and equipment, maintaining facilities, adopting improved technology, or addressing ADA compliance issues within public transportation facilities.

## All project applications must include the following attachments (not counted in the page limitation):

- ITD form 0414 Sub-Awardee Reporting for the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act <u>Tutorial Video</u>
- ITD form 1150 Project Cost Summary Sheet Tutorial Video
- ITD form 2435 Local Federal-Aid Project Request <u>Tutorial Video</u>
- COMPASS Form FA100 Federal Requirements <u>Tutorial Video</u>
- Estimating Worksheet (must match form 1150 and 2435) Tutorial Video
  - Be sure to update Phase I cost information if change occurred since the submittal of Phase I

# 2024 COMPASS Funding Application Phase II ROADWAY PROJECT FOCUS

All applications must be submitted in Word format by email to <a href="mailto:ssader@COMPASSidaho.org">ssader@COMPASSidaho.org</a>. This phase of the application page limit is 8 pages. Refer to Scoring and Ranking Guide Resources for guidance and links (add link).

**Sponsor Name (agency)**: City of Nampa Public Works

Project Title: Ustick Road & Madison Road, Roundabout

### **GENERAL**

Select the functional classification of the roadway segment on the 2025 Federal Functional
Classification Map. To qualify for federal aid, a roadway must be classified as a major collector or higher.

□ Interstate
□ Proposed Interstate
✓ Principal Arterial
□ Proposed Principal Arterial
□ Minor Arterial
□ Proposed Minor Arterial

#### **SAFETY**

✓ Major Collector

Does the project address a known auto safety issue? Please explain and provide the data below:

RSAP Emphasis: High & Medium Priority Walkways: Tier 1, RRFB Tier 3

Number of fatalities (auto related): 0

Number of serious injuries (auto related): 0

**Explain how the project addresses the causes of crashes:** 

Since Ustick Road is considered a travel corridor which commuters use as an alternate route from Interstate 84, and development in the area is expanding, the intersection at Madison Road has been viewed as a place where Nampa can add kinetic area with a roundabout, slowing down the speed along the roadway to minimize injury crashes. The construction of a roundabout will save local jurisdictions money by not requiring policing officials around for traffic infractions such as running a red light, speeding, or times when lights are malfunctioning, and a traffic attendant is necessary. It will also add secondary travel lanes to allow more vehicles to proceed through the intersection at a time. The project will also create safe refuge for crossing at the intersection for active transportation users and multi-modal.

Does the project address a known active transportation safety issue? Explain and provide the data below:

2

### RSAP Emphasis: High & Medium Priority Walkways: Tier 1, RRFB Tier 3

**Number of fatalities** (active transportation related): **0** 

Number of serious injuries (active transportation related): 1

Explain how the project addresses the causes of the fatalities and/or serious injuries:

While implementing the intersection changes, reconstruction can be maximized, and bike and pedestrian facilities can be added at the same time. Implementing a continuous pathway will encourage other means of transportation and benefit those lacking public transportation options, while providing healthier lifestyle choices.

**Does the project improve safety for auto users?** Explain how the project would improve safety for auto users:

Crash Modification Factor (CMF) most appropriate for this project: CMF Clearinghouse: Using IDs 4686, 7572, 5711, 10993, 2375, 3092, 4034, 11158

Expected percentage of crash reduction based on CMF and types of crashes included: 45.6% less crashes, Crashes: 2A

**Does the project improve safety for active transportation users?** Explain what standards the project used or will use in the design phase, and how the project would improve safety for active transportation users.

CMF most appropriate for this project: CMF Clearinghouse: Using IDs 4686, 7572, 5711, 10993, 2375, 3092, 4034, 11158

Expected percentage of crash reduction based on CMF and types of crashes included: 45.6% less crashes, Bike/Ped Crashes: 1A

### **ECONOMIC VITALITY**

Does the project address a congestion issue using a non-capacity-adding strategy?

Explain how the project will address congestion and which strategy(ies) in the Congestion Management Process will be used:

The Ustick Corridor, between Franklin Blvd and McDermott Road will all be signalized. With the implementation of Nampa's Traffic Management Center, staff can coordinate signal timing to optimize traffic flow.

## Based on the Congestion Management Annual Report, how congested is this corridor?

- ☐ Highly Congested
- Moderately Congested
- √ Low Congestion/no data

### Based on the Congestion Management Annual Report, how reliable is this corridor?

- ✓ Reliable
- □ Unreliable

Does the project improve a facility in "fair" or "poor" condition? (A facility is regarding pavement, bridge deck, bridge, pathway, sidewalk, etc.) New facilities: RRFB, Bike/Ped Facility, road/sidewalk barrier, curb/gutter  Good Fair Poor
✓ N/A: New Segment
Does the project improve freight mobility?  ✓ Yes
□ No Explain:
The project adds new facilities including an RRFB, Bike/Ped facility, road/sidewalk barrier, curb and gutter, along with street lighting and additional lanes of travel. It will improve freight mobility with the added lanes and dedicated areas for pedestrians allowing for better movement through the corridor.
What type of freight corridor is the segment referred to in the COMPASS Complete Network Policy?
□ Primary Freight Corridor  ✓ Secondary Freight Corridor
Explain, if necessary:  Supporting modes for auto, and secondary freight, while adding primary active options, as according to information provided by COMPASS Complete Network Policy.
CONVENIENCE
Does the project improve connectivity to a regional activity center as described in COMPASS Complete Network Policy?  Yes
□ No Explain how far the project is from a regional activity center if it is not within the bounds of an activity center:
The project improves connectivity by filling a gap to regional activity centers. There is an elementary school within one half mile, plus, there is one restaurant and four stores within one mile. Expanding the lanes through the intersection and applying active transportation facilities will improve gap coverage.
If the previous question is not applicable, does the project improve auto and/or active and public transportation accessibility to key destinations?  ✓ Yes  □ No
Explain and provide a list of the destinations provided access and how far the project is from those destinations. Be sure to include all modes of transportation included in the project that
have access benefits from the project: The project is 2.88 miles from a regional activity center. There is an elementary school within one half mile, plus, there is one restaurant and four stores within one mile. Expanding the lanes through the intersection and applying active transportation facilities will improve gap coverage.
Does the project address a gap in the network?  ☐ Yes, in the roadway network by adding a missing segment or removing a bottleneck.  ✓ Yes, by addressing a gap in the active transportation network.

☐ Yes, it includes improvements to public transportation facilities.
□ No ·
Explain:  A multiuse path is being added to address a gap in the network. There is also a
planned sidewalk along Madison from the 2011 Nampa Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan which will be in place connecting to the path.
QUALITY OF LIFE
Does the project benefit an underserved area (as related to the COMPASS Equity Index)?  ✓ Yes □ No
If the answer is no, but will still provide benefits to an underserved area, explain how:
Explain the benefit(s) the project will provide to an underserved area: The Equity score (7,7,5,5) and the medium and medium/low score address the underserved area, while the rating for points scores 7 out of 10 points. There is not a close regional activity center, nor is there any active transportation options. Access to employment and transit are suggestive as infrastructure begins construction, allowing for initial priorities to be identified and installed.
Does the project address any environmental impacts as listed in the COMPASS  Environmental Review Map?  Yes  No
Please list the impacts identified on the Environmental Review Map and explain how the project will address the impacts:
Designated with a medium impact score, they identify as the following:
Water_Wetland, EnviroJustice_MinorityArea, Water_Floodzone_500, Water_Groundwater, SchoolParcels, Floodzone.
If the COMPASS Environmental Review Map does not provide information for this project, provide supplemental documentation that shows the project addresses
environmental impacts and provides references to where the information was

obtained.

### **READINESS**

### Is the project a priority to the sponsor agency?

This project is one of our top fifteen to complete on our priority list.

COMPASS staff will request all priorities of applications submitted after the deadline.

### Does the partner agency provide match above the required minimum? Only requiring match.

Project amounts and proposed match are provided in the Phase I application. If the amount of request or match proposed is different than in Phase I, please revise Phase I.

Is the project ready for federal implementation? (	(Mark all that apply)
<ul><li>□ Pre-concept report complete or equivalent</li><li>✓ Preliminary design complete</li></ul>	
<ul><li>Environmental complete</li></ul>	
☐ Final design complete	
<ul><li>☐ Right-of-way plans complete (or not needed)</li><li>☐ Right-of-way acquired (or not needed)</li></ul>	

### **REQUIRED ATTACHMENTS**

☐ PS&E is ready

All project applications must include the following attachments (not counted in the page limitation):

- ITD form 0414 Sub-Awardee Reporting for the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act <u>Tutorial Video</u>
- ITD form 1150 Project Cost Summary Sheet Tutorial Video
- ITD form 2435 Local Federal-Aid Project Request <u>Tutorial Video</u>
- COMPASS Form FA100 Federal Requirements <u>Tutorial Video</u>
- Estimating Worksheet (must match form 1150 and 2435) Tutorial Video
  - Be sure to update Phase I cost information if change occurred since the submittal of Phase I



Address

411 3rd St N.

## Sub-Awardee Reporting For The Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA)

ITD 0414 Rev. 11-15 itd.idaho.gov

Zip Code

83651

State

ID

As required by the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act ("Transparency Act" or "FFATA" per P.L. 109-282, as amended by section 6202(a) of P.L. 110-252; note 31 U.S.C. 6101), information on the first-tier sub-awards related to Federal contracts and grants, and the executive compensation of awardees and sub-awardees must be made publicly available beginning October 1, 2010. Federal agencies and prime awardees will report to ensure disclosure of Federal contract and grant sub-award and executive compensation data.

1 ) 3	t sub-award and executive compensation data <sup>1</sup> .
The following information must be repor	ted for prime awardees and sub-awardees²:
Sub-Awardee DUNS <sup>3</sup>	Sub-Awardee Name

City

Nampa

Names and total compensation of the five most highly compensated officers of the entity must be listed if:

City of Nampa

- the entity in the preceding fiscal year received 80 percent or more of its annual gross and revenues in Federal awards; and
- the entity in the preceding fiscal year received \$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal awards: and
- the public does not have access to this information about the compensation of the senior executives of the entity through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. §§ 78m(a), 78o(d)) or section 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. See FFATA § 2(b)(1).

Name	Total Compensation⁴
1. n/a	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
Explanation for exemption from listing above	

### **Definitions and Authority**

072959430 (UEI R6QNKZMEAHT4)

- 1. From Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, memorandum dated August 27, 2010.
- 2. A sub-awardee is a recipient of a sub-award. I.E., where ITD loses programmatic control or resident oversight; functioning only as a trustee of an obligation.
  - 3. Unique identifier used is the sub-awardee's Dun & Bradstreet (D&B) DUNS Number. See OMB M-09-19 at 11.
- 4. "Total compensation" means the cash and noncash dollar value earned by the executives during the sub-recipient's past fiscal year of the following (for more information see 17 CFR 229.402(c)(2)): (i). Salary and bonus. (ii). Awards of stock, stock options, and stock appreciation rights. Use the dollar amount recognized for financial statement reporting purposes with respect to the fiscal year in accordance with FAS 123R. (iii). Earnings for services under non-equity incentive plans. Does not include group life, health, hospitalization or medical reimbursement plans that do not discriminate in favor of executives, and are available generally to all salaried employees. (iv). Change in pension value. This is the change in present value of defined benefit and actuarial pension plans. (v). Above-market earnings on deferred compensation which are not tax qualified. (vi). Other compensation. For example, severance, termination payments, value of life insurance paid on behalf of the employee, perquisites or property if the value for the executive exceeds \$10,000.

Completed By (Sub-Awardee's Printed Name)	Title		FFY
Crystal Craig, P.E.	Director of Transportation,	Public Works	25
Signature		Date	
Crystal Crave		January 21	, 2025

### **Project Cost Summary Sheet**



Round Estimates to Nearest \$1,000

Key Number	Project Number			Date
Landin.				1/21/2025
Location	diana Dalamal Hatiah Dal Manana			District
Segment Code	adison Rd and Ustick Rd, Nampa  Begin Mile Post	End Mile Post	Length in Miles	3
000298 & 004875	102.236 & 6.630	102.409 & 6.918	0.461	
			Previous ITD	1150 Initial or Revise To
1a. Preliminary E	Engineering (PE)			\$229,086
•	Engineering by Consultant (PEC)			\$763,620
Ī		nber of Relocations		\$610,000
Utility Adjustn		By State By Others		\$25,000
4. Earthwork				\$560,000
5. Drainage and	l Minor Structures			\$420,000
6. Pavement an	d Base			\$1,470,000
7. Railroad Cros	esing:			
Grade/Separa	ation Structure			
At-Grade Sigr	nals 🗌 Yes 🔝 No			
8. Bridges/Grad	e Separation Structures:			
☐ New Struct	ure Length/Width			
Location				
□ Renair/Wide	ening/Rehabilitation Length/W	idth		
Location	oming/remasilication Longity/V			,
	(Delineators, Signing, Channelization	, Lighting, and Signals)		\$280,000
10. Temporary Tr Separation)	raffic Control (Sign, Pavement Markin	gs, Flagging, and Traffic		\$60,000
11. Detours				
12. Landscaping				\$140,000
13. Mitigation Me	asures			
14. Other Items (I Gutter, C.S.S	Roadside Development, Guardrail, Fe 3. Items)	encing, Sidewalks, Curb and		\$630,000
15. Cost of Const	tructions (Items 3 through 14)			\$3,585,000
16. Mobilization	10 % of Item 15			\$359,000
17. Construction E	Engineer and Contingencies 5	55 % of Items 15 and 16		\$2,169,000
18. Total Construc	ction Cost (15 + 16 + 17)			\$6,113,000
19. Total Project	Cost (1 + 2 + 18)			\$7,716,000
20. Project Cost I	Per Mile		\$1,000	\$16,738,000
Tyler Flint				

### ITD 2435 (Rev. 01-09)

**Functional Classification** 

Minor Arterial

Terrain Type

### Local Federal-Aid Project Request



### Instructions

- 1. Under Character of Proposed Work, mark appropriate boxes when work includes Bridge Approaches in addition to a Bridge.
- 2. Attach a Vicinity Map showing the extent of the project limits.
- 3. Attach an ITD 1150, Project Cost Summary Sheet.
- 4. Signature of an appropriate local official is the only kind recognized.

**Note:** In Applying for a Federal-Aid Project, You are Agreeing to Follow all of the Federal Requirements Which Can Add Substantial Time and Costs to the Development of the Project.

Development of the Project.							
Sponsor (City, County, Highv	vay District, Stat	e/Federal A	Agency)				Date
City of Nampa							1/21/25
Project Title (Name of Street	•		F.A. Route No	umber	Project Len	gth	Bridge Length
Madison Rd & Ustick R					0.461		
Project Limits (Local Landma Beginning 102.236 & 6							
Character of Proposed	Work (Mark A	ppropriat	e Items)				
⊠ Excavation	•	Facilities <b>S</b>	·	ies	⊠Si	dewalk	
☑ Drainage	⊠ Traffic (	Control	⊠ Land	dscaping	□ S	eal Coat	
Base	☐ Bridge(s	s)	☐ Gua	ırdrail	⊠R	igid Concrete F	Pavement
	⊠ Curb &	Gutter	⊠ Ligh	ting		<u> </u>	
Estimated Costs (Attack	n ITD 1150, Pro	oject Cost					
Preliminary Engine			-				
Right-of-Way (ITD					<u> </u>		
	·		\$ 610,000				
Construction (ITD	1150, Line 18)		\$ 6,113,000		_		
Preliminary Engineering	g By: 🛛 Sp	onsor Fo	orces   Consulta	ant			
Checklist (Provide Names, Locations, and Type of Facilities)							
Railroad Crossing		n/a					
Within 2 miles of an Air	port	n/a					
Parks (City, County, Stat	e or Federal)	n/a					
Environmentally Sensit	ive Areas	Purdam	Gulch Drain				
Federal Lands (Indian, E	BLM, etc.)	n/a					
Historical Sites							
Schools		College	of Western Idaho, E	. Canyon	Elementary, Ric	dgevue High So	chool
Other		Ford Ida	aho Event Center, Wa	al-mart, in	terchange at G	arrity Blvd	
Additional Right-of-Way	y Required:	☐ None	☐ Minor (1-3 Pai	rcels)	 ⊠ Extensive (4	or More Parce	els)
Will any Person or Bus	iness be Disp		☐ Yes ⊠ No	Pos			
Standards	Existi	ng	Proposed	Standards		Existing	Proposed
Number of Lanes	2		2-5	Roadway Width (Shoulder to Shoulder)		24-34 ft	66 ft
Pavement Type	AC		AC	Right-of-	-Way Width	65-80 ft	100 ft
Sponsor's Signature	150				Title		
Cn	ystal	naig			Public V	Vorks Transpo	ortation Director
Additional Information	to be Furnis	hed by t	he District				

20 21

**Unclassified Flat** 

ADT/DHV

11,372



### UNDERSTANDING OF REQUIREMENTS FOR FEDERAL AID RECIPIENTS

Applicants should keep in mind that receipt of federal funds requires compliance with the following federal and state requirements (Note - this is not an exhaustive list):

- 1. **Equal Opportunity** requirements (non-discrimination) for construction contracts in excess of \$10,000 apply to a wide range of project elements, including contracting opportunities. A non-discrimination agreement must be signed as part of the award process, and records must be kept to show compliance. Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) requirements might apply.
- 2. Minimum wage requirements (**Davis-Bacon Act**) and anti-kickback requirements (**Copeland Act**) for construction contracts in excess of \$2,000, records must be kept to show compliance.
- 3. No use of federal funds for lobbying, for construction contracts in excess of \$100,000.
- 4. National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA).
  - a. The National Environmental Policy Act requires federal actions (including local transportation projects receiving federal aid) to be evaluated for potential impacts to the environment. Idaho Transportation Department (ITD) and the FHWA jointly conduct this review.
    - i. For major actions that significantly affect the quality of the human environment, an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) must be prepared. This is a lengthy (and expensive) process that requires consideration of alternatives, analysis of impacts, and compliance with a series of public notice and comment periods.
    - ii. For projects in which the significance of the environmental impact is uncertain, an Environmental Assessment (EA) must be prepared. This document is more limited in scope than an EIS, and the procedure is not as lengthy. If it is determined, through the EA process, that there will not be significant impacts, a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) is issued. If it is determined that there will be significant impacts, an EIS must be prepared.
    - iii. Most federal aid projects qualify for a "categorical exclusion," meaning that the project will not have a significant effect on the human environment. For these projects, neither an EIS nor an EA need be prepared. Federal regulations have identified several project types that typically receive a categorical exclusion (such as installation of utilities along a road; construction of bicycle and pedestrian paths; landscaping; installation of fences, signs, pavement markings and traffic signals, where no substantial land acquisition or traffic disruption would occur; alterations to facilities to make them accessible to elderly and handicapped persons; and other types of projects). Even though a proposed project might fall within an exclusion category, applicants must obtain clearance from ITD.
    - iv. Contact District Environmental Staff (listed at <a href="http://itd.idaho.gov/ enviro/District.Staff.htm">http://itd.idaho.gov/ enviro/District.Staff.htm</a>) for assistance with navigating the environmental review process.

- 5. Compliance with audit requirements:
  - a. An entity expending \$500,000 or more in a year in combined Federal awards (including any funds received from Federal sources outside ITD: US federal contracts, subcontracts, loans, grants, subgrants, and/or cooperative agreements) requires an A-133 Single Audit or program-specific audit each fiscal year.
  - b. An entity whose annual budget (from all sources) exceeds \$250,000 and expends any amount in a year in Federal awards are required to have a full and complete audit of financial statements each fiscal year.
  - c. An entity whose annual budget (from all sources) exceeds \$100,000 but does not exceed \$250,000 and expends any amount in a year of Federal awards has a minimum requirement of a financial statements audit on a biennial basis. Biennial audits shall include an audit of each fiscal year since the previous audit.
  - d. An entity whose annual budget (from all sources) exceeds \$50,000 but does not exceed \$100,000 and expends any amount in a year of Federal awards has a minimum requirement of a financial statements review on a biennial basis. Biennial review shall include a review of each fiscal year since the previous review.
  - e. An entity whose annual budget (from all sources) does not exceed \$50,000 and expends any amount in a year of Federal awards has a minimum requirement of a financial statements review by ITD on a biennial basis. Biennial ITD reviews shall include a review of each fiscal year since the previous review.
- 6. Compliance with Americans with Disabilities Act requirements. This includes a compliance Self-Evaluation, and for agencies with 50 or more employees, an ADA Transition Plan. Transition Plans identify physical obstacles to accessibility, describe methods to make facilities accessible, specify a schedule for completion, identify a responsible official, estimate the cost of each modification, and record completion dates.
- 7. Compliance with U.S. Office of Management and Budget (0MB) circulars on allowable costs, as follows:

For the costs of a:	1use the principles in:
State, Local or Indian Tribal Government	:12 CFR 225
Private, nonprofit organization other than an (1) institution of higher education, (2) hospital, or (3) organization named in 2 CFR 230 as not subject to that circular	2 CFR 230
Educational institution	:12 CFR 220
For-profit organization other than a hospital and an organization named in 2 CFR 230 as not subject to that circular	48 CFR Part 31, Contract Cost Principles and Procedures, or uniform cost accounting standards that comply with cost principles acceptable to the Federal agency.

COMPASS Form FA100 Based in part on ITD's Site Checklist for TAP-State applications.

- 8. Compliance with Federal Transit Administration, ITD, or Valley Regional Transit grant administration team reimbursement requirements. In most cases, recipients must request reimbursement of an expense within 60 days or the expense will not be reimbursed. ITD has up to 30 days to issue the reimbursement.
- 9. Compliance with minimum liability insurance requirements. Contractors must have comprehensive public and general liability insurance of at least \$500,000.00 per occurrence, and \$1,000,000.00 aggregate.

I, Crysta	l Craig, P.E.	, from	City of Nampa	(agency) have
read the inf	formation above ar	nd understand th	e intent, and realize t	here are many other
				unds. The information
		•		d project. This project is
proposed co	onsidering the fede	eral requirements	s above.	
Project Nan	ne: <u>Madison &amp; U</u>	Jstick Roundabout		
Signed:	Crystal C	naie		
orginea	City	8		
Dated:	1/21/25			
Dale(I.	-,,			

 $\label{thm:compass} T: \FY16\600\ Projects\685\ 101\ TIP\FY1822TIP\App\ Guide\COMPASS\ Form\ FA100\ -\ Summary\ of\ Federal\ Requirements.docx$ 

### **Project Estimating Worksheet**

For Large Construction Projects

Proposed Funding Match	Local Rate	Federal Rate
Rates	7.34%	92.66%

Enter proposed match rate (currently assumed at required rate, but could be higher), updates made below automatically. Change the rate to 100% below if agency plans to cover the cost of a phase with local funds - such as design costs, utilities, or right-of-way costs.

Infrastruct	ure Project (more than \$500,000)					Portion	Federal Portion	
Phase Code	Description (include amounts for federal-aid items only)	Percentages		Project Totals	Proposed Local Match Percentage	Local Cash Match	Proposed Federal Percentage	Federal Amount Requested
	Preliminary Construction Estimate (PCE)							-
CN	(Enter the estimated cost of construction only)		\$	3,916,000	7.34%	\$287,434	92.66%	\$3,628,566
CN	Construction Contingency (Overruns, change orders, etc.) (30% of PCE)	30%	<b>¢</b>	1,174,800	7.34%	\$86,230	92.66%	\$1,088,570
CIN	Construction Engineering (ITD)	30 70	φ	1,174,000	7.5470	\$00,230	92.00 /0	\$1,000,570
CE	(standard rate: 0.5% of PCE + contingency)	0.50%	\$	25,454	7.34%	\$1,868	92.66%	\$23,586
	Construction Engineering (Consultant)							
	(standard 15% of PCE + contingency for roadway - if project is a bridge,							
СС	increase to 20%. If project includes complexities, increase up to 32%)	15%	\$	763,620	7.34%	\$56,050	92.66%	\$707,570
CL	Construction Engineering (LHTAC) (standard rate: 4% of PCE + contingency)	4.00%	\$	203,632	7.34%	\$14,947	92.66%	\$188,685
<u> </u>	Utilities	110070	<u> </u>	200,002	7.5 . 70	42.75.7	32.0070	Ψ100/000
UT	(amount for moving/improving utilities)		\$	25,000	7.34%	\$1,835	92.66%	\$23,165
RW	Right-of-Way (ITD assistance with land acquisition participation.) (This number depends on the number of parcels involved in the project. For up to 10 parcels, \$5,000. 10 to 20 parcels, \$10,000. More than 20 parcels, contact COMPASS staff.)		\$	10,000	7.34%	\$734	92.66%	\$9,266
LP	Land Purchase (estimated amount for land purchase)		\$	600,000	7.34%	\$44,040	92.66%	\$555,960
PE	Preliminary Engineering (ITD) (standard rate: 0.5% of PCE + contingency)	0.50%	\$	25,454	7.34%	\$1,868	92.66%	\$23,586
PC	Preliminary Engineering (Consultant) (standard 15% of PCE + contingency for roadway - if project is a bridge, increase to 20%. If project includes complexities, increase up to 25%)	15%	\$	763,620	7.34%	\$56,050	92.66%	\$707,570
PL	Preliminary Engineering (LHTAC) (standard rate: 4% of PCE + contingency)	4.00%	\$	203,632	7.34%	\$14,947	92.66%	\$188,685

<b>Total Project Estimate</b>	<b>Total Local Portion</b>	<b>Total Federal Portion</b>
\$7,711,212	\$566,003	\$7,145,209

