Communities in Motion 2040 2.0 Development Review

The Community Planning Association of Southwest Idaho (COMPASS) is the metropolitan planning organization (MPO) for Ada and Canyon Counties. COMPASS has developed this review as a tool for local governments to evaluate whether land developments are consistent with the goals of *Communities in Motion 2040 2.0* (CIM 2040), the regional long-range transportation plan for Ada and Canyon Counties. This checklist is not intended to be prescriptive, but rather a guidance document based on CIM 2040 2.0 goals.

Development Name: Southridge South (H-2020-0083)

Agency: Meridian

CIM Vision Category: Future Neighborhoods

New households: 254 New jobs: 0		w jobs: 0	Exceeds CIM forecast: No
Ô	CIM Corridor: Overland Road Pedestrian level of stress: R Bicycle level of stress: R		Level of Stress considers facility type, number of vehicle lanes, and speed. Roads with G or PG ratings better support bicyclists and pedestrians of all ages and comfort levels.
	Housing within 1 mile: 1,120 Jobs within 1 mile: 1,380 Jobs/Housing Ratio: 1.2		A good jobs/housing balance – a ratio between 1 and 1.5 – reduces traffic congestion. Higher numbers indicate the need for more housing and lower numbers indicate an employment need.
	Nearest police station: 3.8 miles Nearest fire station: 3.2 miles	5	Developments within 1.5 miles of police and fire stations ensure that emergency services are more efficient and reduce the cost of these important public services.
0 60 0	Farmland consumed: No Farmland within 1 mile: 342 acro	es	Farmland contributes to the local economy, creates additional jobs, and provides food security to the region. Development in farm areas decreases the productivity and sustainability of farmland.
	Nearest bus stop: 0.1 miles Nearest public school: 1.6 miles Nearest public park: 1.9 miles Nearest grocery store: >4 miles		Residents who live or work less than $\frac{1}{2}$ mile from critical services have more transportation choices. Walking and biking reduces congestion by taking cars off the road, while supporting a healthy and active lifestyle.

Recommendations

The location is an infill site in an employment-centric area, with more than one thousand jobs within a mile of the site. This location may reduce trip length and encourage bicycle and pedestrian use. Pathways, especially to internal open space, along the Ridenbaugh Canal, and to the Ten Mile Park and Ride lot, help improve access to these key locations. The site is served by bus route #40, which connects the College of Western Idaho with downtown Boise, via Overland Road.

More information about COMPASS and *Communities in Motion 2040 2.0*: Web: www.compassidaho.org Email info@compassidaho.org More information about the development review process: http://www.compassidaho.org/dashboard/devreview.htm



Fiscal Impact Analysis Supplemental for the Development Review Checklist

The purpose of the fiscal impact analysis is to better estimate expected revenues and costs to local governments as a result of new development so that the public, stakeholders, and the decision-makers can better manage growth. Capital and operating expenditures are determined by various factors that determine service and infrastructure needs, including persons per household, student generation rates, lot sizes, street frontages, vehicle trip and trip adjustment factors, average trip lengths, construction values, income, discretionary spending, and employment densities.

The COMPASS Development Checklist considers the level of fiscal benefits, how many public agencies benefit or are burdened by additional growth, and how long the proposal will take to achieve a fiscal break-even point, if at all. More information about the COMPASS Fiscal Impact Tool is available at: www.compassidaho.org/prodserv/fiscalimpact.htm.

Overall Net Fiscal Impact Net Fiscal Impact, by Agency	
City	County
Highway District	School District
Break Even:	